W. H. PERRY,
Hardware,
Stoves and
Tinware.
42 JOHNSON ST.

Victoria Daily Times.

One Thing Well Done
What we don't know about other subjects would fill a volume; but we do understand the drug business, and we give our patrons the benefit of our experience.
JONES, 36 Gov't St.

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1893. No. 295

Not **Stale Cabbage Leaves**
FOR SALE
But **"Our Prince" Cigars.**

N.B.—This is the usual price: SEVEN FOR 50c.

BBB English Briars—Full line reduced to 50c.

Great reductions in all prices for 30 days—to enable us to clear for stock-taking. Suitable holiday gifts.

HARRY L. SALMON,
Salmon Block, Victoria, B. C.

.....SELECT YOUR.....

Xmas Presents

Before the Rush begins at

Davidson Bros., The Jewellers,

The Best and Cheapest Jewelry Firm in the City.

Sermonette

On Christmas Presents

IF you have a Father,
a Brother,
or a Husband,

What is more suitable for a Christmas present than a nice pair of SLIPPERS. We have THE stock of fine Slippers

In Plush,
Patent Leather,
And Embroidered Velvet.

SEE OUR GOVERNMENT ST. WINDOW.

A. B. ERSKINE,
Cor. Government and Johnson Sts.

IT IS A MISTAKE

To suppose that you can do as well purchasing from one store as another. There is quite a difference in prices and there is a bigger difference in the stocks carried by different clothing houses.

We handle Clothing in larger quantities than any other stores. Consequently buy cheaper, and have a better selection. Although trade is dull we have sold more Clothing this year than ever before. Why? Because—

OUR STOCK IS THE LARCEST
OUR GOODS THE BEST
OUR PRICES THE LOWEST

Gilmore & McCandless,
35 and 37 Johnson Street.

Our Christmas Fruit

Extra Selected Clusters,
Fine Valencias, . . .
Sultanas, ...
Finest Currant, . . .
Candied Peel, Etc., Etc.

Arrived

Full Assortment of Xmas Goods at Very Lowest Pricees.

Erskine, Wall & Co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—225 lots in Port Angeles; will sell part of them at appraised value if taken at once. Address D. K., Times office. d15-1t

PUBLIC MEETING, under the auspices of the Single Tax Club, at City Hall, Tuesday next, to discuss the Municipal Act. Discussion open to all. dec16-1t

FOR SALE!

Lease and good-will of first-class boarding house, with spacious grounds; good reason for selling; business is now paying. Apply to BEAUMONT BOGGS, Broad st., dec16-1m P.O. Box 126.

SHOOTING MATCH

Saturday, December 23rd, for Turkeys and Geese, at the Four Mile House. d16-1w

Atlantic Steamship Agency

CHEAP RATES
To or From all European and Foreign Ports

LIST OF ATLANTIC SAILINGS.

(From Halifax.)

Allan Line, Numidian	Dec. 23
Allan Line, Laurentian	Jan. 6
Dominion Line, Labrador	Dec. 16
Dominion Line, Vancouver	Dec. 30

(From New York.)

Cunard Line, Etruria	Dec. 16
Cunard Line, Campania	Dec. 23
White Star Line, Teutonic	Dec. 20
White Star Line, Adriatic	Dec. 27
American Line, New York	Dec. 13
American Line, Paris	Dec. 20
N. Ger. Lloyd, Havel	Dec. 19
Anchor, Ethiopia	Dec. 16
Red Star, Waesland	Dec. 20
Allan State Line, Nebraska	Dec. 21

For cheap rates and all other information apply to

GEO L. COURTNEY,
Genereal Agent.

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE,
30 Broad Street.

LOST AT CARDS.

An Old Farmer Loses $1,400—Suing to Recover It.

The case of McConnell vs. Garvin et al. is set down for trial for Monday before Mr. Justice Crease without a jury. The plaintiff, James McConnell, lives on the Gordon Head road and the defendants Thomas Garvin, W. Jackson and J. Magnes are saloon-keepers living in Victoria. The plaintiff alleges that on the evening of March 20th last the defendants, knowing that the plaintiff was intoxicated and in possession of certain moneys on his person, conspired to induce him to play at cards and on the same evening and during that night and on the morning of the 21st, they played cards with the result that the plaintiff lost $1400. He claims payment by the defendants to him of the sum alleged to have been by them obtained.

The defendants deny having received $1400 or any other sum from the plaintiff as alleged, but say that he persuaded them to engage in a game of cards at the time mentioned, that he was not intoxicated, and that there was no fraud or collusion between them.

Leaking Again.

The Nicaraguan bark Dominion, coal laden, Nanaimo for San Francisco, returned to Port Townsend on Thursday leaking badly. So far they are unable to locate the cause of the leak or to tell whether any actual damage has been done further than to delay the vessel a few days in starting on her voyage. The Dominion was condemned some time ago and was moored in Esquimalt harbor for over a year. She was repaired and went to Departure Bay to load coal. Mr. Turpel, who repaired her, is now suing the owners for $375, which amount he claims is still due him for work done. The Dominion had to return to Victoria under similar circumstances some time ago. She had started to sea with lumber, when she sprung a leak.

Broke His Leg.

During the football game this afternoon at Beacon Hill Curtis of the Vancouver team fractured a bone in his foot below the ankle. He was dribbling the ball at the time. The game was stopped for half an hour and Curtis in charge of the superintendent of the provincial police, F. Hussey, was taken from the field to receive surgical attention. The break is said to a bad one.

Express Wagons and Wheelbarrows
At Russell & McDonald's.

It Made Alexander Quake.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 16.—The bomb explosion in the French chamber of deputies made a painful impression on the Czar and his ministers. It is believed here that France is powerless against anarchist outrages. The Franco-Russian party at St. Petersburg is depressed. The members think the explosion will affect the relations between the two countries.

Fancy Cups and Saucers 10c
To $1 each at Russell & McDonald's.

OVER IN HONOLULU

Intense Excitement Prevails Amongst All Classes.

ROYALISTS HOPING AGAINST HOPE

Wunderburg Dismissed From Office for Wild Talk.

Provisional Government Considering the Question of Dismissing Disloyal Employees—Blount Described as Treacherous and Unfriendly—Capt. Whiting Marries Miss Ahfong.

San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 16.—The steamer Australia brings advices from Honolulu to December 9th. Excitement was at fever heat, but up to that time there was no change in the situation.

Since the fifth no material change has taken place in the military or political attitude of the different parties. The adherents of the queen are being secretly armed. The marshal is satisfied that over 200 new military rifles have been smuggled into Honolulu in small lots from the island of Maui during the past month. This is attributed to royalists. The police force under the marshal is now larger and in a better state of efficiency than ever before. A vigilant watch is kept upon the movements of the royalists. One hundred men of the Citizens' reserve are selected, who will reinforce the station house at a moment's notice. The royalists are certain that on the arrival of the Alameda on the 22nd Minister Willis will carry out his orders to reinstate the queen's government. It is not believed they will make any independent or premature attack upon the strong position of the government.

After a hearing of two days in the case of F. Wundenburg the supreme court ordered his removal from office. The court found that Wundenburg had violently denounced the provisional government and its chief officers, and stated that it was impressed with a view that he had done so because of his disappointment at not having been made marshal. In his testimony Wundenburg denied ever having been an annexationist. It is certain, however, that he vehemently favored annexation at the time of the Ashford and Wilcox conspiracy for annexation, nearly two years ago, when most of the reform party opposed it as premature, and hoped to be able to induce the queen to be reasonable.

The leading political event of the week is the decision of the government to proceed at once to remove all employes not distinctly loyal to them. This decision was arrived at by a vote of the advisory council in regular and open session on the 7th. The question was submitted to them by the ministers, they being divided three to one. Minister Damon had been from the beginning firmly opposed to being goverened by the action of the advisory council, which passed the resolution by a vote of 11 to 1. Strong pressure has been for several months brought by supporters of the government to weed out all disloyal employes. It has hitherto been the custom not to remove subordinate officials on account of political leanings. Minister Damon has strenuously opposed making any changes from the former system. The change has been demanded on account of the country being in a state of suppressed war, which made the presence of disloyal employes in the government buildings a source of actual danger. The debate upon the question was earnest, but was conducted in a friendly manner. Rumors were circulated that Minister Damon would resign. He has publicly denied any such intention as long as the provisional government has any use for him. Mr. Damon's services in establishing the financial condition condition of the government are esteemed by the officials.

Carter, the late commissioner to Washington, considers the crisis substantially over, and thinks the strength of the government much more than adequate to repel any United States force now here. He is certain that these forces would proceed to the extent of bloodshed. He has information that some of the leading royalists are quite hopeless of success.

J. B. Atherton feels entirely assured that the government will come out safely. President Cleveland's policy cannot be carried out in face of public opposition. C. M. Cook agreed in this opinion. These men found it difficult to believe the president could have agreed to the landing here of British forces to keep the queen on the throne, although they admitted the strength of the evidence for it. Cook and Atherton are leading tradesmen.

Dr. McGrew says restoration cannot be accomplished. He knew from his intimacy with naval men that the feeling against attacking this government was intense amongst American naval officers here. He felt confident that Admiral Irwin would never fight against the Americans of Honolulu. If the government continues to show determined resistance he will never attack, whatever his orders from Washington. The doctor said: "You know I always said Blount was our enemy and treacherous, and now all good people know that I was right."

It is believed Minister Willis and Admiral Irwin are receiving letters from leading Democrats urging them not to take action until congress is heard from.

Henry Waterhouse of the advisory council says the government is in excellent condition. The "boys," meaning citizens up to fifty years, like himself, are full of fight and mean resistance to the last. The executive building is provisioned for a long siege.

An elegant polished calabash of koa wood has been prepared as a testimonial from the "Hui Kalaiaina" to James H. Blount. It is detained in the shop by the artisan for lack of his pay. The inscription is in the native language. The "Hui," or "Association," is one which was employed by the queen to stand sponsor for her new constitution on January 14th.

Commander Whiting was married to Miss Henrietta Afong on the evening of the fifth in the Central Union church, which was crowded. Captain Barker of the Philadelphia was best man. A reception followed at Mrs. Afong's house. This was the greatest society event in Honolulu for years.

Washington, Dec. 16.—Officials of the state and navy departments are much interested in the dispatches brought from Honolulu by the Australia, but have no comments to make. It is obvious, however, that the lessening chances of a conflict afford considerable relief. Ardent supporters of the policy of restoration and naval officers who have been at Honolulu and are well acquainted with the spirit of the people are not so sanguine of the continuance of peace. One of them said this morning that the intense feeling existing there among supporters of the provisional government could not last much longer, and he believed a little act of hostility, perhaps the firing of a pistol, would kindle into flames the sentiment against the restoration policy, bringing bloodshed into the little country.

Among the arrivals by the steamer Australia was Captain J. Duncan, a Grand Army man, who was a member of one of the companies organized by the provisional government. "The defences of the government have been completed," he said to a reporter, "and it would now take a strong force to capture them. Things are in a very disturbed state, and very little would precipitate a riot. No man will trust his neighbor, and the patience of the people is strained almost to breaking point. The natives cannot be depended on for a moment. They will not fight, but are treacherous and are constantly plotting. The queen cannot be restored without trouble, and if the present government is allowed to remain in power there will be trouble."

EASTERN CANADA.

Charged by a Wild Cow—Suicide With Paris Green.

Quebec, Dec. 16.—Yesterday afternoon while on his way home from his office, Col. Forsythe, collector of customs, was attacked by a cow on the street and narrowly escaped serious injury. The animal charged him while near the Bank of Montreal, knocked him down and rolled him over. After this the beast made another charge upon the collector, tore his coat open on the left side and then bolted through St. Paul street.

The extensive stables and outbuildings of Mr. Swift, St. Louis road were burned at 6 this morning, only the walls remaining. Fortunately the whole of the livery, consisting of 16 horses and two colts were rescued also all the winter vehicles, but the summer vehicles were all destroyed, along with all the fodder. Mr. Swift had an insurance of only $1000 on the building.

The three watch cheats Clement, Renaud and St. Hilaire, made a fresh application for bail this morning. They must find $400, and the sureties must own real estate. Several persons who presented themselves yesterday as sureties were rejected. The court wanted no "straw bail."

Mrs. Giroux, a young widow residing with her father at Mile End, near Montreal, while in a state of despondency, took a dose of Paris green yesterday afternoon. Her suicidal action was not discovered till seven hours after, when Dr. Lesage was called in, but all efforts to save the woman's life were of no avail, and she died in great agony last night. No cause is assigned for the action.

Halifax, N. S., Dec. 16.—Captain Rollo, of the steamer Tritonia, reports that on Wednesday night, 50 miles off Canso, on the southern shore, he passed a strange-looking craft showing a flash light. He believes the craft to be the missing barge Alice, which he says was heading for Halifax.

Halifax, N. S., Dec. 16.—The steamer Virginia, of the Hamburg American line, arrived here this morning for coal. She is 14 days out from Christiania for New York with 140 passengers and general cargo. She had continuous gales and boisterous weather, and sustained some damage; one of her crew was injured.

Toronto, Dec. 16.—The worst storm in ten years raged here all day yesterday and last night; rain, sleet and snow combined. Street railway traffic was disorganized and public meetings and concerts were poorly attended. Professor Carpmael of the observatory said yesterday afternoon: "This spell of soft weather is likely to last till morning. It covers all that great extent of country lying east of the Mississippi river, but at no point is the rainfall greater than it has been in the immediate vicinity of Toronto. An old man last evening said to a reporter that the weather yesterday was the worst he had seen since coming to Canada ten years ago. This morning telegraph, electric light, street trolley and telephone wires are down in all directions and incoming trains are delayed on all lines.

Montreal, Dec. 16.—It began snowing here about 4 p. m. yesterday and has kept it up almost incessantly to this hour, 4 p. m. to-day, although for the last four hours it has been of a sleety nature. The street railway company are having a hard time keeping the tracks clear, and incoming trains were more or less behind time this morning.

Saw Mill Destroyed.

Picton, Ont., Dec. 16.—Hepburn's saw mill, a blind and sash factory, and a coller mill, were burned early this morning. The loss is about $15,000.

Out of Harm's Way.

Barcelona, Dec. 16.—A large number of anarchist prisoners confined in the fortress of Mont Juich, have been sent aboard the cruiser Navarro. It is surmised they will be taken to the Ladrone islands in the Pacific, owned and used by Spain as a penal colony.

General News.

Paris, Dec. 16.—Senator Ferry, brother of the late Jules Ferry, is dead.

SHOT AND SHELL

Forts das Cobras and Villegagnon Belch Forth

GREAT SHOWERS OF LEAD AND IRON

Upon the Hapless City and the Loyal Fortress.

Wild Consternation on the Main Streets—Maddened Carriage Horses Dash Into the Crowds—Screaming Shot and Bursting Shells Add to the Horror of the Scene.

Buenos Ayres, ec. 16.—News from Rio de Janeiro is to the effect that on December 10th the city was thrown into a panic by a storm of shot and shell which lasted 50 minutes. The missiles came from the rifles and rapid firing guns of Ilha das Cobras (Snake island), and fell all over the city, but especially in Canoca, Tavilla and Travessa streets, and other points where the theatres are situated. The playhouses were just being emptied of their throngs of patrons, and the effect was tremendous. Frightened women fled shrieking along the street, many carriage horses dashed among the pedestrians, and above all the screaming of shells, the whizzing of bullets and the rattling of rifles, caused great confusion. This was the result of an attack made from the shore upon the Snake island fort by Peixoto's troops, to which Da Gama's island batteries were not slow in responding. Houses on the water front were much damaged by the iron shower, but the number of casualties is unknown. Peixoto's men suffered heavy loss, as did also the island garrison, but accurate figures could not be procured.

Montevideo, Dec. 16.—The British minister in Rio has informed all persons of his nationality in Rio that in his opinion it is dangerous for them to remain in the city, and has ordered all British merchant ships in the harbor to be towed higher up the bay. Excitement in Rio in view of the preparations for bombardment is intense. In an abortive attempt made by Peixoto's men to capture Fort Villegagnon, formerly reported, about 200 men were killed.

The Chilean steamer Napoli has just been reported a total wreck near Victoria, a maritime town of Brazil, capital of the province of Espirito Santo, 270 miles northeast of Rio. The steamer de Gali, has gone to the aid of her crew, none of whom were reported lost.

Rumor Not Confirmed.

London, Dec. 16.—Enquiries in official circles fail to confirm the rumors of a large shipment of steel rails around Cape Horn to British Columbia. There is no official record of an insurance policy yet having been opened. These rails were said to have been purchased for the British Pacific railway by Chicago capitalists.

Whiting's Chinese Bride.

San Francisco, Dec. 16.—Commander Wm. Whiting, of the U. S. steamer Alliance, arrived on the Australia from Honolulu this morning with his bride (nee Ah Fong), daughter of a wealthy Chinese resident of the islands. They will remain at the Occidental hotel during their stay in the city. On Monday they will go direct to New York.

The Olympia's Speed.

San Francisco, Dec. 16.—The U. S. cruiser Olympia returned to port this morning from Santa Barbara channel, where she made a successful trip yesterday afternoon, making nearly 22 knots an hour.

The Puebla's Passengers

San Francisco, Dec. 16.—Passengers by the steamer City of Puebla for Victoria are: Herbert Clark, J. Graham, J. S. Angus, Madame Lecuyer, Mrs. Taylor, Mrs. F. Dixon, Wm. A. Stafford, Mrs. J. Stevens.

DISTRIBUTION OF OFFICES.

The Government Afraid to Open Any Constituencies at Present.

Ottawa, Dec. 16.—At a meeting of the cabinet yesterday it was decided not to open any more constituencies until after next session of parliament. R. S. White, M. P., Cardwell, is here, and he was told he would get the Montreal collectorship after next session. In the meantime the position would be kept open. Opening Cardwell meant giving it to McCarthy. It was also decided to leave Dr. Schultz lieutenant-governor of Manitoba, as at the present the Liberals would be sure to carry the constituency of Lisgar if opened. If anybody but Ross were appointed Ross would resign, and the government has therefore decided to promise the positions to Ross after next session. If they do not change their minds he will be Manitoba's next governor.

Blount's Explanation.

Macon, Ga., Dec. 16.—Mr. Blount is very much annoyed over reports that President Cleveland intends to throw the onus of his treatment of the Hawaii an question upon him (Blount). Said he: "It is untrue that I have had any dispute with the President because I was not continued in diplomatic circles. I went to Hawaii as commissioner representing the President. When I was appointed minister I immediately resigned it, and my work being done I returned home. The statement that Minister Willis found the Dole government much stronger than I reported it, is nothing strange when you recollect that I left Honolulu in August and that Willis did not reach there until November. Dole thus had over three months in which to strengthen himself, and it is only reasonable to suppose that he has made good use of the time. I parted with President Cleveland on the best of terms, and am now completely out of public life."

CONCERNING BRAZIL.

Denial by Minister Mendonca of Some Late News.

Washington, Dec. 15.—Senor Mendonca, Brazilian minister, gave out some information to-day and explained a perplexing confusion of names in recent news. Minister Mendonca has been informed by his government of the arrival of the Nitherohi on the coast of Brazil. She reached there on Tuesday, and since then has been under the control of the Brazilian navy department. The America, whose machinery was disabled on the way from New York to the West Indies, he has also been informed, will leave the port where her repairs are being mad either on Saturday or Sunday for Brazil. The minister was not authorized to mention the port at which the Nitherohi had arrived, nor the West Indian port where the America is being repaired.

No mention has been made in any of the cable messages received by Senor Mendonca, Brazilian minister, of the beginning of hostilities in the harbor of Rio, as reported to the navy department here. The dispatch from Lisbon announcing the arrival there of the British steamer Nile, from Pernambuco, of Dec. 5th, was shown to the minister, Mr. Mendonca said: "That whole dispatch is a series of remarkable statements. In the first place, the voyage of the Nile is the quickest on record between Pernambuco and Lisbon by two days and fourteen hours. The statements with reference to the steamer Parahyba, in the Lisbon dispatch, and also in the dispatch from London, Mr. Mendonca said, "demonstrate that some of the news, at least, contained in the dispatches about Brazilian affairs originates with people who are not familiar with what they are writing about." There is a province in Brazil called Parahyba, or Parahaiba, and there is a river in Brazil called Parahyba. The names, you will see, are different, and there are vessels named after both the river and the province. The day before yesterday it was announced that the French steamer Parahyba had been seized by Mello's forces. To-day we are informed that five officers of the Parahyba had been shot, and that soldiers detailed for the purpose of executing the insurgent officers and crew refused to obey orders and fire upon the rest, who are still supposed to be alive. The fact is that the Parahyba is a French merchant vessel, one of a line plying between Brazil and Europe. The Parahyba is one of three vessels of the Brazilian navy which were located in the ports of northern Brazil. The Parahyba was at Pernambuco, and that some of the officers and crew have joined the insurgents is quite probable. This being so, and the fact having been discovered by the government, their execution was perfectly justifiable.

New York, Dec. 15.—That several prominent members of the Brazilian colony in this city who are in sympathy with Admiral Mello, and who are acting in concert with his followers in that country, contemplate bringing an action against this government to recover heavy damages for allowing Charles Flint & Co. to fit out the Nitherohi and America there can no longer be any doubt. Attorney Isaac Angel, a naturalized Brazilian, who has an office in the Mills building, has the matter in charge, and while he will not divulge the names of the persons who have employed him, he admits that he will shortly commence such a proceeding, under section 5,283 of the revised statutes of the United States.

Charles R. Flint received a letter today from Brazilian minister Mendonca stating that two telegrams from Capt. Eroshman, of the America, had been received by him. The captain reported that the repairs to the America were completed and that she was ready to proceed to sea. The battery worked splendidly, there was a daily drill of the crew, and all are well on board. Minister Mendonca also wrote that he had been advised of the arrival of the Nitherohi at a Brazilian port and that she had been turned over to the Brazilian navy department. Mr. Flint announced that from this time on the firm of Flint & Co. will have no advices from Brazil as to the progress of the insurrection except what is received from the Brazilian minister at Washington.

UP IN SMOKE.

Destructive Fire in New York Yesterday Afternoon.

New York, Dec. 15.—A fire which in half an hour wiped out $250,000 worth of property, ate a big hole in a block between Forty-ninth and Fiftieth streets on Third avenue this afternoon. When the flames had leaped skyward 100 feet or more, within ten minutes of the outbreak, they suddenly died down and left a smoking heap of ruins where there had just stood one of the highest blocks on the avenue and a dozen home buildings. The track on the elevated road was warped and the ties ablaze. The whole neighborhood was stirred to a tremendous pitch of excitement. Across Forty-ninth street a row of private dwellings were cleaned of their tenants by police. Every pane of glass cracked with the heat and fell in fragments to the sidewalk. Across the west side of Third avenue the occupants of houses were similarly treated. Not a sheet of glass was left. Even the pavements yielded to the extraordinary heat, and the street in places was raised up as much as two feet. There was an endless chain of elevated railroad trains reaching from the scene of the fire down to Twenty-eighth street on the north-bound track. Almost the same condition of affairs existed with the surface roads. The block was complete on the latter until finally the fire department hose was raised up on the elevated pillars to allow the cars to pass. The big seven-story building in which the fire originated was occupied as a furniture store by Henry P. Thoeson & Bro., who recently failed. A man named Solomon, the receiver, was out. The building was known as No. 793, 795 and [illegible] Third avenue. It was in the basement, under the freight elevator, that the fire first started.

There were at the time twenty employees at work, most of them women, and when the dense volume of smoke began to pour into the salesroom the screams could be heard a block away. It is believed, however, that all got out in safety save one, a young man employed as varnisher in the building. The only other person with him so far as is known is a boy, William Katchan, aged 12, who is yet unaccounted for. Nearly a hundred families were huddled into the street without waiting to take as much as a tack with them. Many were injured, but not seriously. Half the engines were permitted to go home at 2 o'clock. At 4 o'clock the excitement broke out afresh when it was discovered that some firemen were on the fire escape of a shaky wall. All the firemen on the ground went to work to rescue their comrades, and after twenty minutes' hard work succeeded. Most of the burned property is owned by Peter Cassidy, but he was too dazed to tell what he had lost. He looked at the buildings going up in smoke and then simply told the reporter that it was "awful." "Nearly all I had is gone," he said, "and I was only partly insured." Mr. Thoeson, who was also excited, viewed the scene. He said his loss would be about $75,000. The police to-night place the total loss at $275,000. The two missing persons were not accounted for up to a late hour, and many believe that they were burned to death.

American News.

Warsaw, Dec. 15.—A passenger train collided with a freight train near Bosnewica, Lublin Government, yesterday. Eleven persons were killed.

Washington, Dec. 15.—A reason has been assigned for the delay in transmitting the Hawaiian correspondence which has received much attention in congress, where it is asserted that certain official dispatches, assumed to have been written by Secretary Blaine in correspondence with Minister Stevens and his reply thereto, which was never received and are important in the light of subsequent events. It was not included in the published volume of "Foreign Relations" for 1892 sent to congress. A very noticeable fact, which will be made clear when the President's message and other documents are made public, is that very many important state papers relating to Hawaii are now for the first time disinterred from the secret archives of the division of "Rolls and Indexes" in the state department library.

It is learned at the state department that a careful search for any official answer to Minister Stevens' important dispatch of March 8th, 1892, has been unsuccessful, not even a record of the filing of any answer being discoverable, and the inference of some of those who are interested in bringing it to light is that Mr. Blaine did not send a reply.

San Francisco, Dec. 15.—Hawaiian Minister Thurston engaged his passage on the steamer Almeda, sailing for Honolulu to-day.

Washington, Dec. 15.—In the senate this afternoon, after some debate, Mr. Storrer, of Ohio, offered a resolution which was unanimously adopted. It provides for the appointment of a special committee by the presiding officers of both houses to proceed as soon as possible to make a personal inspection of the route from Greytown to the Pacific, to learn the actual condition of the work and of material and political affairs in Nicaragua and Costa Rica so far as they may have reference as to the construction of the canal. The resolution will be reported to the house to-morrow. Eleven members of the committee were present at to-day's session and one of the number stated that, so far as he knew, the entire committee unanimously favored the proposition of the government as to the control of the work.

General News.

Vienna, Dec. 15.—Von Plener, minister of finance and formerly leader of the German Liberal deputies, announced in the Lower House to-day that despite disturbances in the money market of the world the government would continue reforming the currency, and introducing a change of taxation according to the principle that the heaviest burdens must be borne by the strongest shoulders. The lower classes should be spared as much as was consistent with the needs of the state.

London, Dec. 15.—The steamer Rose, running between Holyhead and Dublin, reports that on the night of Dec. 13th the Dutch collier Captain Parry was discovered by the captain of the Rose to be sinking. The skipper was the only member of the crew to be rescued. The remaining thirteen went down with the vessel.

Berlin, Dec. 15.—The reichstag has adopted the Servian treaty by a large majority.

Berlin, Dec. 15.—There are 10,000 cases of influenza in the province of Hesse.

Buda Pesth, Dec. 15.—Gromon de Vaisseka, secretary of state for the national defence, has challenged Deputy Olay in consequence of a quarrel in the diet. He accuses Olay of using insulting language. It is understood that a duel with swords has been arranged.

The use of Hall's Hair Renewer promotes the growth of the hair, and restores its natural color and beauty, frees the scalp of dandruff, tetter, and all impurities.

Massacre of the Matabele.

Cape Town, Dec. 15.—Official dispatches dated Buluwayo, Dec. 8th, say: "Major Forbes' messengers, who left him at sundown on Dec. 4th, have arrived. Major Forbes left Shiloh on Nov. 25th and followed Lobengula twenty miles. The rains rendered progress with waggone slow, and Major Forbes, with 170 men, proceeded, carrying the food on the spare horses. On the evening of Dec. 3rd Forbes reached the Shangani river. Capt. Wilson with 15 men crossed and captured a Matabele, who informed them that the King's wagon was stuck hard by. Wilson sent the information to Forbes, who sent forward Capt. Barrow with 20 men. Barrow overtook Wilson before daylight. Upon reaching the wagon they called for somebody to come out. The natives at once began the attack and Wilson retreated 600 yards, losing four horses. Messengers who were sent to Forbes escaped with difficulty. They left Wilson fighting. Upon nearing the river they heard firing in Major Forbes' camp. They swam the river, and when they joined Forbes at 8 o'clock in the morning they found he had been attacked at dawn by the Matabele, whom he had repulsed after a loss of four wounded. Food and ammunition have been sent from Buluwayo. Jameson and Wiloughby also are proceeding to confer with Forbes. The whole of Major Grey's column has been ordered forward. The natives continue to surrender, amongst them Marswie, lately in charge of Gambo's regiment."

"When your heart is bad, and your head is bad, and you are bad clean through, what is needed?" asked a Sunday-school teacher of her class. "I know—Ayer's Sarsaparilla," spoke up a little girl, whose mother had recently been restored to health by that medicine.

THE BRIDGE DISASTER.

Further Particulars of the Terrible Affair in Kentucky.

Louisville, Ky., Dec. 15.—The middle span of the iron and timber false work of the bridge now under construction between East Louisville and Jeffersonville, Ind., collapsed at about 10.18 this morning, crushing to death or drowning between thirty and forty, and injuring about twenty persons, some of whom will die. Only six bodies have been recovered. For weeks past 500 men have been at work on the big 500 foot span over the middle of the river. The iron work was well up and was resting on a heavy framework of piling driven down into the bed of the river and securely bolted and braced. This afternoon the last bolts were to have been put in place in the iron superstructure, and the gigantic span would have supported its own weight. The foreman, in beginning this work, noticed that during the night the "traveller," a huge derrick used for placing iron in position, had been worked loose by the wind, and ordered it to be drawn back into place. The wind was high at the time, and the gentle swaying of the false work gradually forced the "traveller" off the piles on which it was resting. When the end slipped the whole work trembled, and the men, realizing their danger, started for the piers. As luck would have it the central bent was the first to give way, and the men on this bent went down, to be covered by the mass of iron and timber of the other bents, which fell almost immediately afterward. The sight was terrible. A few ladder who failed to reach places of safety on the piers.

The north bent, or the one attached to the Indiana pier, did not fall for fifteen minutes after the other parts went down. There were fifty-one men on the bridge when the warning was given by the engineer in charge of the work. Of this number several succeeded in reaching the piers. Of those that went down, some were covered by a mass of timber from above, and it will be several days before the bodies are recovered. The partial span, the last one, did not fall till twenty minutes after the last one had gone down, but it was the direct result of the falling of the first. The great strain caused by the sundering and rending of the bridge naturally communicated itself to the first span, and it took its plunge like the rest of them into the water. Being, however, mostly framework, it did not sink, but floated slowly down the river. There were said to be four men on it when it fell, and one was undoubtedly killed. The small "traveller" on this span floated away several hundred yards, and then grounded on the heavy timbers, which were splintered like matchwood, showing the terrific force of the fall.

The crash attracted the attention of some people on the shore, and many turned away as they saw the men struggling in midair in their mad efforts to climb out of danger. When the huge mass of material struck the water all was concealed for an instant by the spray which was thrown into the air. As the water subsided and the mist was dispersed, here and there could be seen men struggling desperately to climb upon the timbers that thrust their ends above the water. A few succeeded in climbing to places of safety, and were quickly rescued. The others struggled hopelessly, and were carried off by the current, to sink almost as rescue was at hand. The ferry boats City of Jefferson and C. W. Hitt and the life-saving crews were the first to reach the wreckage, which completely blocked the channel of the river. Men with broken arms and legs were found clinging to pieces of timber. They were pulled into boats and hurried to hospitals in this city and Jeffersonville. Five bodies were recovered from the wreck. The steamer Hot Spur, with Superintendent George Fisher on board, came near being caught by the falling span. She was making for the false work when Superintendent Fisher heard the timbers creak. Looking up, he saw the great span shaking, and gave orders to back the steamer. It was done none too soon, for the top of the huge "traveller" fell within twenty feet of the boat.

As soon as the pilot realized what had happened he ran the boat up to the wreckage, and the crew saved nine men, who were so badly hurt that they could not have kept afloat five minutes. Capt. Deven and his two crews of life-savers were the heroes of the day, dashing here and there among the drift and the wreckage to pull out the dead and injured. Capt. Deven thinks that some of the bodies have been pulled over the falls. It will take several days to recover the bodies, as most of them are pinned down by the heavy iron trusses which fell on top of the false work. The bridge company has 1,000 men at work, and will extricate the bodies from the wreck as soon as possible. When the second part of the false work fell an engine and boiler went with it, and when the boiler hit the debris it exploded, but no one is known to have been struck by the flying fragments. The lives of the bridge workmen were insured for $1,500 each. To whom must be laid the responsibility for the terrible disaster will probably never be known. It is highly probable that this is one of those unforeseen accidents that will occur in spite of all precautionary measures. Bridge building, as is well known, is fraught with more than ordinary danger, and the workmen whose labors are utilized in the work practically take their lives into their own hands.

General opinion ascribes the cause of the accident to the stiff wind that has been sweeping the river all day. It bore with great force on the ponderous framework, which necessarily became loosened from the construction and the swaying of the heavy timbers. A great number of people, before the first span fell, could see the "traveller" rising 80 feet above the piers, swaying and quivering in the wind in what appeared to be the most alarming manner to those on shore. The motion, however, was hardly safe, but it never occurred to the engineers in charge of the work. Every precaution had been taken to ensure the stability of the framework. Mr. Earle, of Manchester, a civil engineer, who was employed on the bridge, had a narrow escape from death.

To a reporter he gave this account of his adventure: He said: "I was standing on the span that fell on the Kentucky side, and seeing that it was about to fall I got off as soon as possible. I had just counted those who were on the span a few minutes before, and there were fifty-one in all, not counting myself. When I called the men dropped their tools and ran towards me, but only ten of them could get off. The others went down in a heap. I was so badly frightened that I could not tell how many of them got out, but I saw one man swim to the shore. The accident was caused by the wind. The piling was strong enough to bear double the weight. The bridge fell like a pack of cards. It became loosened on the Indiana side first and swayed gradually across to the other side. The span would have been completed this afternoon, and after the "traveller" had been fastened to the pier there would have been no danger of the wind or current breaking it down."

There were many narrow escapes, but the most thrilling was that of a workman called "Spider," who broke the record for high jumping. He was at the top of the huge "traveller," 146 feet from the water. He felt something giving way, and then saw that the whole span was falling. Spreading his hands above his head, he leaped headlong to the water, landing on the opposite side to which the "traveller" fell. He landed well and was carried towards the wreckage, where he was rescued by two fellow workmen, who had just come from the wreck.

One sight that was unusul and which will be remembered in the history of the lamentable disaster, was the presence of eighteen men who were saved by being over on the north stone pier, when the iron pier with its iron frame went down, with dreadful force. The pier rose from the water over 70 feet. At its top were the 18 prisoners huddled together, dazed with an uncontrollable fear. The sight was terrible. A few ladder was thrown up and the men rescued. The accident will cost the contractors $75,000. In January, 1890, four men were drowned, the caisson tilting and letting the water run in. In May of the same year a caisson turned over and ten or twelve more lives were lost. The span which fell was 520 feet long and weighs 100,000 pounds.

Farmers and Mechanics.

Provide yourselves with a bottle of Pain-Killer. It is a prompt, safe and sure cure for many ills. It may save you days of sickness, and you will find it is more valuable than gold. Be sure you buy the Perry Davis' Pain-Killer and take no other mixture. 25c. is a cheap doctor's bill.

A Young Grandmother.

The youngest grandmother in all the country round lives in Lowell, Mass. Her name is Mrs. Hattie Gothrie and she is only 32 years of age, says the New York Recorder. She lives with her husband and family in Hildreth street, Lowell, opposite the Hildreth burial ground, the resting place of her townsman, General Benjamin F. Butler. She is the daughter of John and Phoebe Conger and was born in Wells, Vt., May 10, 1861. She was married to Charles E. Gothrie, September 13, 1876, at St. Albans, Vt., by the Rev. H. Spencer, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church. She is the mother of three children, the first of whom is Maggie Adelaide, on whose account she becomes the Recorder's prize grandmother. Maggie Adelaide was born in Fulford, Canada, July 21, 1877, and was married before she was sixteen years of age to Nathan Birchenow, a young man in the employ of Benjamin Blake, a Lowell grain dealer. The grandchild who has thrust such honors upon the head of the prize grandmother is named Eva, and was born September 14, 1893. There are four generations of the family living in the Gothrie house, and this young grandmother's grandmother is still living, making five generations in existence.

DR. E. A. ROSE.

A Physician Nearly Dead With Diabetes. Blood Poisoning Had Set In—Six Doctors Pronounce His Case Hopeless—Dodd's Kidney Pills Cures Him in Three Weeks.

Portland, Ont., Dec. 11, 1893.—Dr. E. A. Rose, a well-known and successful practitioner here, found in 1892 that he had diabetes. He exhausted the remedies known to himself and suggested by other doctors for the disease, without being benefited. In April last he lay in the last stages of the disease. Blood poisoning set in, and a council of six doctors declared he would die within a few days. He began using Dodd's kidney pills, and in three weeks he was cured. No symptom of the disease has manifested itself since. Dr. Rose ascribes his cure solely to Dodd's kidney pills, and proves his faith in them by prescribing them for his patients.

It Discouraged the Bishop.

Fond du Lac, Wis., Dec. 13.—Roman Catholic Bishop Grafton came to church on Sunday prepared to deliver a sermon. He faced an audience half as large as a corporal's guard. The bishop told his flock he had worked four days on his sermon and did not propose to waste it on a handful. He upbraided the parish for lack of interest, and ended by stepping down from the pulpit without delivering the sermon. It is feared the bishop will remove to some other city in the diocese because of lack of interest here.

Mr. L. B. Hamlen.

Of Augusta, Me., says: "I do not know what when I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla; it was several years ago, and I have found it does me a great deal of good in my declining years.

I am 91 Years

2 months and 26 days old, and my health is perfectly good. I have no aches or pains about me.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

regulates my bowels, stimulates my appetite, and helps me to sleep well. I doubt if a preparation ever was made so well suited to the wants of old people." L. B. HAMLEN, Elm Street, Augusta, Me., Sept. 26, 1893.

HOOD'S PILLS are a mild, gentle, painless, safe and efficient cathartic. Always reliable.

CAMERON

SCORES TWO POINTS.

Both are telling points and need but little explanation.

FIRST POINT:

The Price.

This always does and always will point in a downward direction.

SECOND POINT:

Here the point is reversed, not once but always

The Quality.

This point is upwards. Would you know the cause?—then call at once and see our stock of

Clothing

And

Furnishings—Men's and Boys'.

The reason will soon be made clear. The only cash house in the city.

Cameron,

55 Johnson Street.

The Japanese Bazaar

Twenty Cases New Goods now Being Opened.

Also from PARIS, FRANCE,

A choice assorted case of beautifully dressed..... | DOLLS DOLLS

FANS | Fashionable Feather and other FANS | Fans .....

The Finest quality only | KID GLOVES of ..... | KID GLOVES

CORSETS | from the world-renowned firm CORSETS | of H. Leprince, Paris.....

Sainsbury's Lavender Water.

The sweetest and most lasting of Handkerchief Perfumes, to be had only of

T. S. FUTCHER,

Importer and Retailer, 41 Fort St., Victoria. dec9

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Government street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.

Office: 90 Johnson St.

Hanna & Taylor

Successors to Lockhart & Co.,

FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS

PARLORS: 42 Broad St., Victoria, B.C.

Aluminum Alloy Composite

HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO

Iron, Steel and Brass Founders

2 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 20 per cent increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystalising, prevents blowholes and sponginess.

Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.

Price, 15 per 100-pound box, $28 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $80 per ton.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

The Hatfield Furnace and Refining Co., Newport, Ky.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN)

Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plummerfelt, Gorge Road.

W. J. STODDART.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired at the lowest price in town and the best of work.

Cleaning, 75c.; best main spring, 75c; balance staffs, $1.25; clocks cleaned, 50c.; seal teeth mounted for brooches in gold, $3.50; seal charms and pins, $2.00.

Repairs of every description.

New York Hotel Building, Yates Street,

Opposite Wilson Hotel.

N.B.—Chronometers, Repeaters, Chronographs repaired at half the price charged elsewhere.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

In the matter of the "Winding Up Act" and Amending Acts, and in the matter of the Thunder Hill Mining Company, Limited.

By an order made in the above matters by the Honorable Mr. Justice M. W. Drake, dated the 22nd day of November, 1893, it was ordered that the said Thunder Hill Mining Company, Limited, be wound up by the court under the provisions of the "Winding Up Act" and Amending Acts, as from the 8th day of November, 1893, and that Harvey Coombe, deputy registrar of this Honorable Court, be constituted Provisional Liquidator of the affairs of the Company without security. And it was further ordered that notice be given by circular to the creditors, contributories, and shareholders of a meeting to be held on the 13th February, 1894, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House, Bastion Square, Victoria, B. C., for the appointment of a permanent Liquidator of the said Company

Dated the 14th day of December, 1893.

C. DUBOIS MASON,

Five Sisters Block, Government street, Victoria, B. C., Solicitor for the Petitioner. d15-1w

Notice of Assignment.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," notice is hereby given that John Johnston, carrying on business under the name and style of J. Johnston & Co., booksellers and stationers, at 77 Government Street, in the City of Victoria, has by deed dated the 1st day of December, 1893, granted and assigned all his real and personal property (except as therein mentioned) unto Walter Blake Smallfield of the said city, accountant, and George W. Haynes of the said city, real estate broker, in trust for the benefit of his creditors. The said deed was executed by the assignor and the assignees on the 1st day of December, 1893.

Dated this 1st day of December, 1893.

WALTER BLAKE SMALLFIELD,
GEORGE W. HAYNES,
Assignees.

Dec1

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRE ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced Price $30 per acre; third cash, balance on time Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 97 Third street, Victoria

—dm28

FOR SALE.

The lease and furniture of about 50 finely furnished rooms in connection with a first class hotel, centrally located and clearing $250 per month above expenses. Every room occupied.

For further particulars apply to

WINNETT & COOPER,

a16-1m 18 Trounce Avenue.

FOR SALE.

The following desirable residence and grounds are offered for sale by private contract.

No. 204 Yates street, in the city of Victoria, better known and described as Lot No. 972, according to the official map of the city.

The house is situated on the north side of Yates street, and is built of brick with stone foundation, and is almost new and in first-class repair, with 10 rooms, bathroom and basement, stable and outbuildings; within ten minutes' walk of the P. O.

Apply to JOHN HAGGERTY, 185 Yates Street.
ALAN S. DUMBLETON, 51 Langley street, Victoria, B.C.

a18-1m

FOR SALE—CHEAP.

Lots on both sides of Hillside Avenue, cheap for cash at reduced prices, or on easy terms.

Also, House and four Lots on Fourth Street, between Hillside Avenue and King's Road; price low and terms easy.

Also, House and Lot, Third Street; small cash payment and easy terms.

HEISTERMAN & CO., 75 Government St.

d4-2w

Nicola Valley Railway Co'y.

NOTICE.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon on Wednesday, the 10th January, 1894, addressed to the undersigned for the construction of this Company's Railway from Spence's Bridge to Nicola Lake.

Forms of tender can be obtained on application to the undersigned at the company's office, 161 Cordova street, Vancouver, and no tender will be considered unless made on such form.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

J. W. McFARLAND, Secretary-Treasurer.

Vancouver, B. C., Dec. 4th, 1893. d7-td

GREAT SUCCESS

of the new Tailor System of Deep Cutting. Cuts on all the latest lines. Half price for a few weeks only. Dresses and mantles cut and fitted.

REMOVED TO 98 YATES ST.,

dec1-1mo Over Cochrane & Munn's.

Mortgagee's Sale of Schooner.

Tenders for the purchase of the.

SEALING SCHOONER "VICTORIA"

Her boats, guns and appurtenances, will be received up to the 20th inst at the office of Thomas Earle, Wharf Street, where full particulars can be obtained. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. dec5-td.

Why Worry?

Your temper with ill-fitting spectacles or eyeglasses, or your eyes with glasses wholly unsuitable? If in need of glasses consult us. Never mind the price, we can suit you within your means.

F. W. NOLTE & CO.,

THE ONLY OPTICIANS,

37 Fort Street.

SUDDEN CHILLS & COLDS.
AT THE COMMENCEMENT OF AN ATTACK TAKE A TEASPOONFUL OF
PERRY DAVIS'
PAIN-KILLER
AND THE CURE IS MORE SUDDEN THAN THE CHILL

The Boys' Brigade.

The actual story of the brigade itself is soon told. It is well known that not alone the gamin but many boys of the working classes will submit to almost no parental authority. They are done with school before any habits of self control are formed; and being now wage-earners they become independent and grow up untamed, unprincipled and lawless. What they need first of all is discipline. Now it so happens that there is one form of discipline which is not only the most thorough conceivable; but which is actually congenial to boy nature; for military organization in every shape and form, boys have a natural aptitude. It occurred, therefore, to a Scotch volunteer officer who took part in the work of a large Sunday school to utilize this in the hope of securing a finer and more spontaneous discipline among his senior boys. By banding them into a military company for week-day drill he thought he could teach them valuable lessons—obedience, reverence, patience, manliness, neatness, punctuality—without their being directly conscious of it, and almost in the form of an amusement. Drill—not mere playing at soldiers, but regular drill in its most thorough forms—was instituted, and kept up during a whole winter. At the end of the experiment the result was successful beyond expectation. The school was transformed, discipline was perfect, manners were acquired, the physical bearing was improved, the moral character was strengthened, and the foundations of religious principles laid. Other companies were speedily formed in the neighborhood on the model of the first. The idea was gradually taken up in one district after another, and the movement spread throughout the country.

Yet when this conception first took place ten years ago in the hands of Mr. William A. Smith, of the 1st Lanark Rifles, Glasgow, not the most sanguine convert to the method could have foreseen the extraordinary success which was speedily to greet it. But its simplicity, its sanity, and its sheer practicalness commended it at once to many who were interested in boys, and the organization of the brigade soon overran Great Britain.

Many of the prime movers in this new cause are men who have been almost strangers to such work before. But they saw here something definite, practical, human; something that they could begin upon without committing themselves to positions which they had not quite thought out, something which could utilize the manlier element in them, and give them a useful life-interest outside themselves. Thus through the instrumentality of the brigade not only have multitudes of boys in town and country been brought under a regime, morally and physically educative, but numbers of influential young men, including a great many Volunteers, have found themselves for the first time enlisted in the cause of social and religious progress. For a real field of honest usefulness, a field where the tools required are simply the stronger and better elements in Christian manhood, there is probably nothing open just now to laymen which has in it anything like the same substance and promise as this.—Professor Henry Drummond.

Ask Your Friends

Who have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla what they think of it, and the replies will be positive in its favor. Simply what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit. One has been cured of indigestion or dyspepsia, another finds it indispensible for sick headache or biliousness, while others report remarkable cures of scrofula, catarrh, rheumatism, salt rheum, etc.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable.

S. P. Smith, of Towanda, Pa., whose constitution was completely broken down, is cured by **Ayer's Sarsaparilla.** He writes:

"For eight years, I was, most of the time, a great sufferer from **constipation, kidney trouble, and indigestion**, so that my constitution seemed to be completely broken down. I was induced to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and took nearly seven bottles, with such **excellent results** that my stomach, bowels, and kidneys are in perfect condition, and, in all their functions, as **regular as clock-work.** At the time I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, my weight was only 129 pounds; I now can brag of 150 pounds, and was never in so good health. If you could see me before and after using, you would want me for a traveling advertisement. I believe this preparation of Sarsaparilla to be the best in the market to-day."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

PEEPS AT NORWAY.

Discursive Talks About Its Godly Folk and Scenery.

QUAINT CHURCHYARDS AND CUSTOMS

Some Wondrous Nature Spectacles—The Romsdal and the Naerodal Waterfalls Twenty Times Higher Than Niagara—Scenes of Grandeur.

(From our Own Correspondent.)

London, Nov. 30, 1893.—There is much about Norwegian scenery, scenes and incidents worth relating discursively, which is likely to prove helpful to succeeding travelers, in their experiences, or entertaining to readers who can only travel in this stern and mighty land of the north by the not unpleasant journeyings of fancy with kindly tempered writers for their willing guides.

There are no roadside shrines, save of nature's exclusive handiwork, in all Norway. Indeed one travelling along the grand stone roadways almost feels a longing for those mute connecting links of human and spiritual interest. Groups of peasants kneeling before cross, or effigy or beside consecrated fountain, are here never seen. The only objects by the wayside to possibly pique curiosity or interest are upright stone posts on which are cut or painted enigmatic figures. Not even an antiquarian sentiment can be conjured by these. Their significance is very great, however, to the landed proprietors, for they relate with nice exactitude the number of metres each is compelled to keep in perfect repair in summer and wholly clear of drift snow and other obstructions in winter. All law is enforced with absolute impartiality in Norway, and that is why the country has the finest roads in the world and has also been transformed, in scarcely more than a generation of time, from a nation of drinkers and almost sodden drunkards, with all accompanying evils, to a land of sobriety, cleanliness, amplitude and content.

Jordbaert or strawberries almost constitute a national dish in Norway. Indeed I have often thought that these matchless berries,

"A' the sweeter they are wee,"

are a providential compensation and provision to the folk of the high latitudes. I have found them in my wanderings growing wild in greatest luxuriance in high latitudes in Norway, the highlands of Scotland and the Shetland and Orkney Islands, even in dreary Labrador, and in Manitoba where, in the early days, I saw miles of the then trackless prairie crimson in hue from the ripening fruit. They are so universal and plentiful in their wild state that there is no necessity for their cultivation. The markets of Bergen, Stavanger and Throndhjem are fairly odorous with this delicious fruit. At every station, at every home and in every hotel in Norway they are securable morning, noon and night, and at all places rich cream is served with them. Wherever travellers may go, upon busy or unfrequented highways, or even along lone mountain paths, they are everywhere for the picking; and if one is too lazy to help himself to nature's largess, blue-eyed, flaxen-haired children are everywhere at hand with tempting baskets which are yours for the most trifling return in coin you are willing to bestow. Indeed, so universal is this custom of strawberry giving and selling that a perfect typification of Norwegian childhood in summer would be formed, in painting or sculpture, by the figure of a ragged, smiling faced, yellow-headed urchin standing at the roadside with upheld basket of jordbaert in tiny, horny hand, and hopeful, expectant look in kindly eyes of blue.

The tiny Norwegian graveyards beside the mountain churches will have a peculiar interest to every traveler in out of the way districts. They have a certain primness, desolation and yet wild and uncouth seeming of nature's kindly prodigality of every living thing in green about them that give them a strange and impressive character. The churches themselves are curious little boxes, and possess a peculiar air of austerity and solemnity, as if built with the sole purpose of contrasting the infantile effort of man with the majestic evidences of the Creator's power everywhere surrounding them. The churchyard, which is also the graveyard, usually surrounds the entire church, and if often filled or richly bordered with mournful furs and evergreens. The numberless high, rounded and prettily sodded mounds can scarcely be seen from the wild maze of evergreens, plants and flowers. Beside nearly all the graves, or family burial plots—a peculiarity I have not noticed in any other country—are benches or rustic wooden settles, to which the mourners come and muse among the memories of the loved ones at rest beneath. There are few headstones. Instead there are crosses of blackened wood, intensifying the solemn suggestiveness of the place. The Norse are not given to effusive inscriptions, and the transverse beam of each black cross usually has but two lines. The first begins with fod (born), and the second with tod (died). There is only occasionally added a verse of Scripture, upon the pediment, expressing the universal Christian faith in immortality.

In leisurely traveling through Norway, where one from vagarous impulse or necessity is likely to often come to house of bonder, cabin of peasant or hut of mountain saeter, there are certain formalities of etiquette well to be borne in mind. The civil stranger is almost joyously welcomed in any home. After the wonderful handshaking of the first greeting is over, the housewife immediately prepares refreshment of coffee and smoerbroed, or buttered bread. You are supposed to wholly ignore these agreeable proceedings. When they are about ready for your entertainment, you must rise and profess to be in readiness to depart. Then the housewife is voluble in entreaties for you to remain. Reluctance and entreaty must now have full play until you are overpowered by hospitable entreaty and consent, after renewed handshaking, to remain. At the peasants' cabins and the saeters a similar formality must be observed. The peasant woman or the saeter girl will run forward to meet you, always bearing a vessel of fresh milk in her hand. You must at first refuse with some expression or gesture conveying the idea that you are unworthy of the attention. The woman volubly insists that you must accept their kindly offering. Then you take the vessel, but only the slightest sip of milk, and return it with further manifestations of unworthiness. This enables her to further urge and insist, whereupon you accept the civility heartily and take a long draught. You will be a fortunate traveler, then, if you are not forced, by the woman's fears that you are not quite sure of your welcome, to drink not a pint but a gallon!

Scenically considered Norway presents such limitless varieties and countless numbers of tremendous spectacles that it is difficult to select even a few which may be regarded as pre-eminent for grandeur and sublimity. Perhaps the great gorge of Romsdal furnishes the most amazing number of water falls to be seen from any one point in all the world. The spectacle of from a score to half a hundred each from 500 to 3000 feet in height; a mighty torrent, the river Rauma, thundering along beside you, itself in places a series of tremendous cascades, solid walls of stone rising precipitously at either side from 3000 to 4000 feet; wherever a break in the gorge occurs, either some weird horn of stone piercing the skyline above, or endless mountain chains showing caps of glittering white; and this not for a little distance, but for nearly 50 miles;—is all so different from any other scene in any other land, so bewildering in its very superabundance of grandeur, and almost so appalling either in sight or memory, that the successive scenes are impossible of fitting description by writer or painter, and almost incomprehensible to one who looks in awe upon them.

Another scene possessing similar features and yet with some added elements of majestic grandeur is found in the Naerodal, where that shorter but still more gloomy gorge opens out, above Gudvangen, upon the sombre, mountain-walled Naerofiord. The Naerodal is but eight miles in length; but its walls are so close, its two famous waterfalls: the Stahlheim fos and the Sivle fos, are such mighty and lofty exhibitions of force and power, as though the upper ice fields were all pouring over the cliffs their combined pulverized masses; the river—a mad river always roars through the wondrous Norwegian dals—is so foaming and thunderous; while the mighty mountains rise to such awful heights there above you head, the kingly Jordalsnut with its oval crown towering precipitously above all; that the whole scene is one of surpassing solemnity and unparalleled savage grandeur. It is said there is but one other scene in all the old world equalling this Naerodal, and that is the pass of the Taurus in Asia Minor.

Norway is above all else, a land of mighty waterfalls. None is so wide or discharges such a vast volume of water as Niagara, but there are perhaps 500 or 1000 that the most hurried traveler cannot fail of seeing, which are several times higher; scores are ten times as high; and the waters of several have a perpendicular descent of twenty times the fall of those of our American "thunder of water!" I have no doubt that there are still in unexplored districts of this wondrous Northland far more majestic waterfalls from glacier-melting heights than have yet met the tourist's wondering or impassive gaze; for the whole face of Norway is simply an ice measureless fissures and gorges between measureless fissures and gorges between which creep arms of the sea and into which everlastingly descend torrents and waterfalls from the melting ice plateaus and mountains above.

The Lougen and Glommen rivers, the largest two in Norway, discharge their united waters in the Sarpen-fos, a more noble waterfall than that of Schaffhausen on the Rhine. In the upper Telemarken district is the Riukan-fos, literally the reeking or steaming waterfall, which drops straight from its source over 800 feet into a gulf or wall-surrounded cauldron, so clogged with fleece-like folds of vapor that its bottom cannot be seen. In sailing along the fiords you can count hundreds of falls from 1,500 to 2,000 feet high; so high that the water is often pounded by the resistance of the air into spray, from spray into mist, and this into such ghostly wreaths of vapor that they disappear into nothingness before the fiord or valley level is gained. I have myself clambered along the edges of the Romsdal cliffs with my post-boy guide, Peter Larsen, and discovered scores of falls, entirely unknown to the guide books or travellers of the valley road below, which fall into churn-like cavities from 1,500 to 2,000 feet in depth, reappearing at the Rauma river edge in outshooting cascades, or perhaps pounding through cavernous tunnels of their own making to show to the beholder upon the highway like a mass of white coral set hundreds of feet up against the side of the black and onyx-like precipitous valley walls.

The most impressive waterfalls of Norway so far known are the Voering-fos and the Skjeggedal-fos. Both of these are in the Haranger district, noted also for its sublime fiord and mountain scenery, the latter comprising the vast Folgefond or glacier-field, and its handsome, hospitable, picturesque and thoroughly characteristic peasantry. The Voering-fos is reached from Vik, on the Eid Fiord, a branch of the noble Hardanger. The going and coming, leisurely done, requires a day. You ride in the saddle to the little Oiford; are rowed upon this to the Maabo Farm; and here other ponies are secured for a long and dangerous scramble up and down a wild and broken mountain into the exquisite valley of Maabo. It is like a giant bowl carved out of ebony with an emerald bottom. The sides rise thousands of feet to fjeldsn ever free of snow and ice. The Bjoreia river brawls and foams through the valley. At one side is a wide ravine 3,000 feet deep. Into this pours the Voering-fos from an altitude of 2,225 feet. The upper masses are split and broken for 1,200 feet where they accumulate in a gigantic rock basin, and then with tremendous force make the final awful plunge for between 700 and 800 feet. Aside from the appallingly savage surroundings and horrible roaring of the almost rock surrounded cauldron, the Voering-fos possesses a weird fascination from the mighty volume of water rebounding from the rocky, narrow-pent bottom of the gorge in a dense column of dazzling foam and vapor, nearly as high as the waterfall itself.

Something like the journey to the Voering-fos, that to the Skjeggedal-fos is made by land and water, but ponies cannot be utilized. One must walk. The scenery all the way from the hamlet of Odde is surpassingly grand, comprising many other important waterfalls, lordly mountain peaks, sombre gorges, and rearward the vast spectral expanse of the Folgefond ice fields. The last part of the journey is by a row boat across a magnificent mountain lake, 1,500 feet above the sea, the Ringedalsvand, into which the Skjeggedal-fos really pours its waters. The total height of this lion of Norwegian waterfalls does not exceed that of the Voering-fos, but it surroundings are more weirdly savage and grand. The water descends at first in a score of yellow-like streamers, dazzling white against ebon black. From the vast and terribly thunderous [illegible] where these leap and rebound with frantic fury one mighty fall descends. From the second great whirpool the entire volume is discharged. It is something like the Niagara rapids, though in steeper cascades. This tumbles into the Ringedalsvand still a thousand feet below the bottom of the great fall. From the foot of the latter the entire spectacle is like tremendous streamers of white dropped from glittering glaciers, which crown the mountains behind and above, at last gathered into one mountain high fleecy fold, which in turn is whipped and torn into vagrant billowy masses to the steely blue lake far below.

Not having traversed the glacier fields of Norway, I cannot have any knowledge of the vast and overpowering scenes that may be gained from their frozen heights. But all things considered, and admitting the human element into scenic effects with its always warmth of influence, I believe the two finest views to be had in Norway are at Molde and the "King's View" from above Sundvalden. From an easily accessible great elevation behind Molde one can gaze not only upon human habitations beneath, the sea sweeping in through the tremendous walls of the fiord, curious and quaint craft which ply along the coast, hundreds of picturesque islands, but a vast amphitheatre of mountains rising tier upon tier, until lost in glittering heights which blend with the sky and clouds. Among these weird, far heights are the fantastic Romsdalhorn, the Matterhorn of Norway; Snaehatten with its white and dazzling helmet; the weird and mighty horn of Perpuatind; the serrated glittering pikes of the Langfjeld; and those mighty still unknown and untracked heights at the head of the waterway of black shadows, the lone and sombre Sor Fiord. A no more bewildering array of Alpine peaks can be found in Switzerland; while all Swiss scenery lacks the wondrous magic of the sea.

From the inn at Sundvolden one may ascend on foot the huge mountain which gives access to the King's View. The latter portion of the ascent is exceedingly difficult. When near the top, but not expecting the sudden surprise in store, on turning a sharp angle of the rock the whole mighty picture is instantly spread before you. First is a tremendous fertile plain, studded with lakes, the lakes with islands, the land between with hamlets, farms, churches, and all the splendid evidences of human thrift and home provision; and this vast plain is encircled by lines of forest, then tiers of eternal stone ribboned with waterfalls, then mountains of rock, mountains of snow, mountains of ice—the whole melting into pictures as filmy, fantastic and etherial as the substance of half dreamed dreams. I know of no other such extensive view in all the world, no other at once so exquisitely beautiful, so incomprehensively vast and so surpassingly sublime. From Aetna alone is there scene for even comparison. That one the sea cramps and confines and compresses into a narrow strip of land on which live brigands and serfs. Here are free, happy and prosperous people, on whom it almost seems that God is actually smiling through the ineffable glow of dazzling mountain tops.

EDGAR L. WAKEMAN.

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale agents. tt&w

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

The Long and Short

of it is that S. Davis & Sons' Cigars have no equal.

MRS. DeWIT—There, Reginald, are those Rigby Waterproofs I have been telling you about. Can't you see how stylish and comfortable they look? and they are just lovely for winter weather. You always wait till everybody else in the world adopts a new thing before you will believe in it. We really must have them at once.

MRS. UPTODATE—Dear me, what a sight those DeWits are out in the streets a day like this without Rigby Garments. It takes some people a lifetime to learn how to be comfortable. Just think how we used to swelter in those horrid Rubber Waterproofs, and such smelling things.

A piece of property on the northwest corner of State and Washington streets, Chicago, was leased last week for 99 years, at a rental that establishes the value of the land at $127 a square foot to-day, $145 a foot after 1901, and $169 a square foot after 1906. This is the highest valuation of Chicago land yet established. A number of corner lots in the business district have lately changed hands at valuations of from $100 to $144 a square foot. The lot first mentioned, valued at $1,400,000 on the basis of $169 a square foot, was bought by General Stewart, to whose estate it now belongs, for $500 in 1880.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by Langley & Co.

GILLETT'S PURE POWDERED 100% LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds Sal Soda.

Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.

THE JUDGES of the WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION Have made the

HIGHEST AWARDS

(Medals and Diplomas) to

WALTER BAKER & CO.

On each of the following named articles:

BREAKFAST COCOA, ...
Premium No. 1, Chocolate, . .
Vanilla Chocolate, ...
German Sweet Chocolate, . .
Cocoa Butter, ...

For "purity of material," "excellent flavor," and "uniform even composition."

WALTER BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

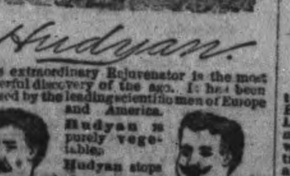
LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD,

General and Nervous Debility,

Weakness of Body and Mind. Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

THE GREAT



Hudyan.

This extraordinary Rejuvenator is the most wonderful discovery of the age. It has been endorsed by the leading scientific men of Europe and America.

Hudyan is purely vegetable. Hudyan stops Prematureness of the discharge in 20 days. Cures

BEFORE **LOST MANHOOD** AFTER

Constipation, Dizziness, Falling Sensations, Nervous Twitching of the eyes and other parts. Strengthens, invigorates and tones the entire system. Hudyan cures debility, Nervousness, and developes and restores weak organs. Pains in the back are stopped quickly. Over 2,000 private endorsements.

Prematureness means impotency in the first stage. It is a symptom of seminal weakness and barrenness. It can be stopped in 20 days by the use of Hudyan.

The new discovery was made by the Specialists of the old famous Hudson Medical Institute. It is the strongest vitalizer made. It is very powerful, but harmless. Sold for $1.00 a package or 6 packages for $5.00 (plain sealed boxes). Written guarantee given for a cure. If you buy six boxes and are not entirely cured, six more will be sent to you free of all charges. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE.

1032 Market St. San Francisco, Cal.

Canada Settlers' Loan and Trust Company, Limited (Foreign).

Registered the 13th Day of November, 1893.

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION.

This is to certify that I have this day registered the "Canada Settlers' Loan and Trust Company, Limited," (Foreign) under the Companies' Act, Part IV, Registration of Foreign companies and the Companies' Act Amendment Act, 1889."

The objects for which the company is established are:—

A. To carry on the business of a Loan and Trust Company in all its branches.

B. To lend money for any term to any person, partnership, corporation or association.

C. To purchase, take, or lease, or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire, any real or personal property rights or privileges which the company may think suitable or convenient for any purposes of its business, and to erect and construct buildings and works of all kinds.

D. To acquire and carry on all or any part of the business or property and to undertake any liabilities of any person, firm, association, or company, possessed of property suitable for any of the purposes of this company, or carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or which can be conviently carried on in connection with the same, or may seem to the company, calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and as the consideration for the same to pay cash or to issue any shares, stocks, or obligations of this company.

E. To purchase, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire, and to hold the shares, stocks or obligations of any company in the United Kingdom, or elsewhere, and upon a distribution of assets or division of profits, to distribute any such shares, stocks or obligations amongst the members of this company in specie.

F. To borrow or raise money for any purposes of the company and for the purpose of securing the same and interest or for any other purpose, to mortgage or charge the undertaking or all or any part of the property of the company present or after acquired or its uncalled capital, and to create, issue, make, draw, accept and negotiate perpetual or redeemable debentures of debenture stock, bills of exchange, promissory notes, or other obligations or negotiable instruments.

G. To sell, let, develop, dispose of, or otherwise deal with the undertaking, or all or any part of the property of the company, whether acquired in the course of its business as mortgagees or otherwise upon any terms, with power to accept as the consideration, any shares, stocks, or obligations of any other company.

H. To pay out of the funds of the company all expenses of or incident to the formation, registration, and advertising of the company, and the issue of its capital, including brokerage and commissions for obtaining applications for or placing shares, and to apply at the cost of the company to parliament for any extension of the company's powers.

I. To carry out all or any of the foregoing objects as principals or agents, or in partnership, or conjunction with any other person, firm, association, or company, and in any part of the world.

J. To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The amount of the capital stock of the said company is five hundred thousand pounds sterling divided into fifty thousand shares of ten pounds each.

The place of business of the said company is located at the city of Victoria, Province of British Columbia.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal of office, the 13th day of November, 1893, at the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia.

(Signed) C. J. LEGGATT,
N18 Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

S. A. STODDART

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

Real Estate.

200 ACRES, SPLENDID OPENING FOR ....Hop Ranch; price $16,000; terms easy.
142 ACRES, WITH HALF MILE OF WA- ....ter front and about 700 cords of wood ....cut, and about 10,000 cords to cut; good ....terms; $35 per acre.
100 ACRES, WITH 250 FRUIT TREES ....planted; $1000; good terms.
250 ACRES, THREE-FOURTHS MILE ....fine water front, good land, partly ....cleared; good house and stables; splen- ....did locaton for fishing and shooting and ....boating; low price and good terms, or ....exchange partly for cash and city pro- ....perty.
80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH ....house and stable, close to railway sta- ....tion; a good chicken and fruit farm; ....cheap.
10 ACRE BLOCKS, GOOD LEVEL LAND, ...close to Saanichton railway station; ....$1000 and $1500, according to position; ....very easy terms and low interest to ....parties buying to improve.
2 LOTS, 50x120 each, good land and close ....to good stream of water; $300.

A. WILLIAMS,

5 Store Street, Opposite Railway Station

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership existing since 1889 between Di Chu, Yee Pook, Dap Um and Ham Foo, under the firm name of Tick Lung & Co., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, Di Chu retiring. The firm will not be responsible for any bills contracted by Di Chu after this date. Bills of all goods heretofore purchased by Di Chu must be presented before December 1st, 1893.

YEE POOK,
DAP UM,
HAM FOO,
(Tick Lung & Co., 34 Fisgard St.)

Victoria, November 16, 1893. n16-1m

Notice of Assignment.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," notice is hereby given that Rachael Clayton, carrying on business as a general merchant, under the name and style of Mrs. F. H. Clayton, at Esquimalt, B.C., has by deed dated the 13th day of December, 1893, granted and assigned all her real and personal property unto Thomas Henry Allice, of Victoria, B. C., merchant, in trust for the benefit of her creditors. The said deed was executed by the assignor and assignee on the 13th December, 1893.

Dated this 14th December, 1893.

SCHULTZ & MORPHY,
dec14-5t Solicitors for Assignee.

——THE WEEKLY TIMES——
——THE WEEKLY TIMES——
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.—
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.—

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Ass., Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER ARCHITECT. Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. ly5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, Has removed to new offices corner of Broad Street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

BANJO and Guitar instructions by Chicago's popular banjoist, Mr. T. W. Reamer, Five Sister Block. n4

FRANK BOURNE (25 years experience). The leading Piano Tuner and Repairer. Send post card or call at 134 Fort St. (Six years resident.) Terms moderate. oc7

E. G. WICKENS, Professor of Music, from the Royal Academy and Guild Hall Schools of Music, London, Eng., is prepared to receive Pupils for Violin, Viola, 'Cello, Piano and Cornet, &c.; also Harmony and Counterpoint. Terms moderate. Address, 71 View St., near Catholic Ch. Sept22-3m.

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O. Box 422.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 28, N.E. corner of Five Sisters Block, Fort street. s10-tf

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

E. DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. SIDNEY WILSON, Sec. fe13

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A.F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary. ja13

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 2, A.F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy25 A. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations, held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, Scribe E. j-19

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER, K. of R. & S. oc19

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join. R. C. SMITH Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET. L. GOODACRE. Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS. Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 129.

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE. 137 Cormorant Street.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. A. C. WEST. Surgeon Dentist, Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B. C.

Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

ARCHITECTS.

A. MAXWELL MUIR, ARCHITECT, 93½ Douglas Street.

DR. LEITCH.

Office and Residence, 129 Quadra street, telephone 181.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The following streets are closed to traffic until further notice: Maclure street from south side of Belleville Street to the Public Park, also the north end of Park Street at its junction with Maclure.

By order,
E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA WEST HALL.

Friday and Saturday, Dec. 15, 16.

The great comedy drama, in 4 acts, entitled

"STRIFE"

—by—

The Victoria West Amateur Dramatic Society,

Commencing at 8 p.m. Admission 25c.; reserved seats 50c., to be obtained at T. N. Hibben & Co's. bookstore. Grand Family Matinee on Saturday, December 16th, at 2:30 p.m. Admission 25c.; children under 12, 10c. See small bills. d12-td

Grand Bazaar

AT PHILHARMONIC HALL,

Given by the Young Ladies of the Reformed Episcopal Church.

Tuesday, Dec. 19th

Doors open at 12. Lunch from 12 to 2.

Concert and Tableaux

at 8 o'clock.

Admission to Concert 50 Cents. Children Half Price.

d12-td

Knights of Pythias Ball

will be held on

FRIDAY, 29th DECEMBER,

at

ASSEMBLY HALL, FORT ST.

TICKETS, $3.00

which can be obtained from the following committee: E. Pferdner, F. M. Cryderman, P. J. Hall, Geo. E. Moss, Chas. L. Cole, J. J. Randolph, W. P. Smith, Geo. Watson, J. M. Hughes, T. Watson, A. A. Aaronson, C. Bloomquist; also from Watson & Hall, J. R. Kerr, C. E. Jones, Dean & Cryderman, Jamieson's bookstore, Cavin Bros. and H. Waller. dec.7-td

Grand Masquerade Ball

Will be given at the Telegraph Hotel, on MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 18th, 1893. Invitations will be sent to all friends. d15-3t

Test

The truthfulness of the following announcement:

No reasonable offer will be refused for the

Entire Stock and Fixtures OF THE

Palace Cigar Divan

110 GOVERNMENT ST.

If unable to dispose of same en bloc, every article will be RETAILED at such PRICES that will prove THIS SALE to be bona-fide.

For particulars call on

D. HART,
110 Govt. St.
"STORE TO RENT." Victoria, B.C.

XMAS IS COMING!

—FOR—

Cakes and Confectionery

HENRY CLAY,

39 Fort Street, The Old Reliable,

Is now showing the largest collection of Cakes, Plum Puddings and Confectionery in the city.

Cakes selected will be ornamented as desired.

The only practical and A1 Confectioner in the city.

Dec. 7-2w.

JOSEPH SEARS,

Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger

Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc.

114 Yates Street.

In the Matter of the Estate of Giacomo Bossi, late of the City of Victoria, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all creditors and persons having any claims against the above estate are hereby required to send in the particulars thereof to the undersigned on or before the first day of February, A.D. 1894, and notice is hereby also given that after that day the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice and that they will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have notice.

DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN,
Solicitors for the Executors, Rosa Bossi and Carlo Bossi.
Dated the 29th day of November, 1893.
n29-1m

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital Christmas Day.

The usual Christmas donations of all kinds will be thankfully received at the Hospital, or if intending donors will drop a postal card to Mr. Robert Jenkinson, the House Steward, he will send to any address named and gladly take charge of any gifts.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A girl to take care of a child during the day. Apply 205 Pandora ave. d15-3t

WANTED—A mother's help. Apply to Mrs. Andrew, Garbally Road. d14-3

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WANTED—Good, Live, Active Representative in this city and vicinity, to take agency for our Koaline Fuel Saver and Fumigator. A reliable article. Good profit. Factories, hotels and families use this compound. Address with stamp THE KOALINE FUEL CO., Windsor, Ont. n22-3m

AGENTS make $5 a day. Greatest kitchen utensil ever invented. Retails 35cts. 2 to 6 sold in every house. Sample, postage paid, 5cts. Forshee & McMakin, Cincinnati, O. wed-26t-o11

FOR SALE.

CORDWOOD TIMBER for Sale. John Vantreight, Gordon Head. dec13-1w

FOR SALE—Steam Schooner "Mischief." Apply W. WALKER, 68 Yates St. d10-6t

FOR SALE—A few thoroughbred Berkshire pigs for breeding purposes. Write for prices. J. D. Bryant, Young P. O., B. C. n10-2m-d&w

TO LET.

TO LET—Two well-lighted flats, one 30x65, and one of 7 rooms. Apply to L. LEWIS, 46 Yates St., city. d7-1m

ONLY TWO LEFT of those cosy cottages; 1 four rooms, $5; 1 five rooms, bath, grates, etc., $10, including water. Apply to Mrs. P. Wilson, grocer, 185 Douglas street. N2-1m

TO LET—From 21st October instant, the "Albion House," 61 Government Street. For terms and particulars apply to 52 Langley Street, Victoria. Oct2-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—On the old Esquimalt road, nar Catherine street, a bag containing sailors' effects. Finder please leave at 71 Yates street. d13-3t

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—To borrow, $3000 for 3 years, at 8 per cent on first mortgage security. Address Box O, Times office. d13-3t

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING in the latest styles and perfect fit guaranteed. Miss Scott, 56 Pandora street. n22-1m

B. VAN VOLKENBURGH, BUTCHER AND PACKER, 72 Yates street. Oc.17

The Daily Times.

TWO "CONTEMPT" CASES.

Premier Davie and several other members of the legislature will probably note with some interest the fact that the Nova Scotia "contempt" case has reached another stage. The following summary of the proceedings in this case we find in the Toronto Mail: "Mayor Thomas, of Truro, N.S., has scored a second victory in connection with the prosecution of the majority in the Nova Scotia legislature for false imprisonment. Certain statements he made during the last session of that body were considered to be a libel upon it. Mr. Thomas was called to the bar of the house and subjected to imprisonment by a majority vote for his offence. Subsequently he brought an action for false imprisonment, which resulted in a verdict for nominal damages. The case was appealed to the supreme court of Nova Scotia. That tribunal has decided that the legislature had no power to try any one for the crime of libel, as that is an offence under Dominion laws. The legislature had passed an act indemnifying members against prosecution for their votes, but the supreme court holds that the indemnifying act cannot be construed as applying to an act which was ultra vires and outside of the jurisdiction of the legislature. The judgment, therefore, is sustained. Possibly there will be a further appeal, but so far as the case has gone it shows that legislatures should be slow to assume that they have the right to inflict imprisonment." Those members of the British Columbia legislature who were misled by the attorney-general in the Kennedy case have very likely come to this latter conclusion already, but they may find themselves somewhat strengthened in it by the decision of the Nova Scotia court. The facts in the Thomas case are very much like those in the Kennedy case. We believe the similarity of the two cases is even greater than would appear from the Mail's summary, for if we recollect aright Mayor Thomas' sentence of imprisonment was based on the ground that he had defied the authority of the legislature by refusing to stay in the custody of its officers. The Kennedys were ordered "punishment" by the local house because they had ignored its summons to appear at the bar. Premier Davie has so far offered no explanation of his failure to test the matter in the courts, according to promise, and it would perhaps not be too uncharitable to assume that he is afraid of the issue.

P. E. I. ELECTIONS.

The Liberal government of Prince Edward Island has gained a most decisive victory in the local elections, the complete returns showing that 23 Liberals and 7 Conservatives were elected to the legislature. Among the defeated was the leader of the opposition, and the opposition, in fact, seems to have narrowly escaped a complete wiping out. Good judges of the situation look on the result of the local contest as a certain indication that the island will at the next Dominion election send a solid Liberal delegation to Ottawa, as it did in 1887. At all events, Premier Peters is a strong and open sympathizer with the Liberal party in Dominion politics, and at the late election he had the able support of Mr. Davies, the leader of the Maritime Province Liberals. The sturdy islanders have little cause to love Conservatism, the less so that they were very coolly trifled with in the matter of the tunnel project by the Ottawa government. Additional interest attaches to the island elections from their being the first under the new legislative system whereby the legislative council is abolished. The new legislative assembly consists of thirty members, representing fifteen constituencies. Half the members of the house are elected by what is very near manhood suffrage, and are called "assemblymen," while the other half are known as "councillors," and can only be voted for by persons owning real estate to the value of $325. Each constituency thus returns two representatives—one a councillor and one an assemblyman; the first representing the landed proprietors alone and the second all citizens without distinction. The qualification of the ordinary voter is the ownership of $6 worth of real estate or the payment of a poll tax of 75 cents or the performance of statute labor and a year's residence in the constituency. A rather peculiar arrangement is made whereby the elector qualified to vote for councillor in several electoral districts can poll votes for candidates in all these districts at one polling booth. This hybrid system cannot be considered satisfactory by Liberals, but it was the best compromise that could be secured from the landholding class, who looked upon the legislative council as especially representing them and would consent to its abolition on no other terms. The Peters government went as far as it was able in the direction of reform, and in all likelihood public opinion will soon enable it to go further.

THE SEALING FLEET.

The Winnipeg Free Press offers some sensible comments on Sir Hibbert Tupper's spread-eagle statements about the "glorious victory" over the United States in the Behring Sea arbitration. Among other things it says: "Apart from the question of a closed sea, which, as we have said, was quietly dropped by the American counsel, the award gave more than the United States asked in the way of protected sea room, so that the glorious victory spoken of by Sir Charles H. Tupper must be looked for in some direction not at present manifest. In due course the public will know more about the details of this arbitration, and perhaps find an explanation of that which appears unreasonable and contradictory, and it may be that the practical working of the new arrangement will reveal defects in the award that will call for rectification. At present, however, the victory appears to be with England in preserving her rights upon the high seas and with the United States in retaining possession of the seal trade." This seems to be an accurate summary of the matter, but the Free Press gets most decidedly "off its base" when it ends its article with a statement like this: "It would have been the height of absurdity, as well as a mortifying circumstance, had England gone to war with the United States for the privilege of protecting a number of sealing vessels, principally owned by San Francisco capitalists." We are not disputing the contention that it was better to arbitrate than go to war over the seals, but we beg to assure the Free Press that it is utterly in error when it says that the sealing vessels are "principally owned by San Francisco capitalists." The Victoria sealing vessels are almost wholly owned by Victorians, and no San Francisco or other American capitalist has a dollar of interest in any of them. The small proportion of the ownership outside of Victoria is held by Nova Scotians. It is only a short time since the Montreal Witness had to be corrected for a foolish insinuation that the Victoria schooners were manned chiefly by "California hoodlums," and the Free Press' blunder seems to bear a strong family resemblance to that of the Witness. Canadian papers should show themselves better informed on a subject of so much interest and importance to a large number of Canadians. The Victoria sealing fleet is owned by Victorians, and is chiefly manned by residents of this city, with a sprinkling of Nova Scotians and a larger contingent of British Columbia Indians. If our eastern friends will only keep these facts in mind, with the additional fact that last season the Victoria fleet took almost as many skins as were collected by all the other agencies taken together, they may be able to comprehend the importance of the sealing industry to this place.

"The wheat market has taken a turn for the better at county points and farmers are receiving a couple of cents more a bushel than has been paid for some time. As high as 45c. is now being paid for No. 1 hard, while No. 2 is bringing 43c. a bushel. It is said that at points where farmers control elevators dealers are experiencing trouble in getting grain except at stiff prices." This statement appears in the Winnipeg Free Press. Manitoba farmers are in need of a little encouragement when No. 1 hard brings only 45c. a bushel.

Ten and Twenty-Five Cent Toys In great variety at Russell & McDonald's.

CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

At Picton A. W. Hepburn's saw mill, blind and sash factory, and mill for cracking grain was destroyed. Loss, $15,000. No insurance.

Col. Macdonell, for 348 years sergeant-at-arms in the old Canadian Assembly and House of Commons, died at Ottawa on Friday in his 70th year.

T. & W. Murray of Pembroke, who failed last week with liabilities of over $290,000, have settled with their creditors at 50 cents on the dollar.

David Pollard, deputy returning-officer in the last Monck election, was fined $25 and costs in each case for refusing to allow two Liberals to cast their ballots.

Sir John Thompson says he was misreported at Halifax. He never said that a fast Atlantic service was a practically accomplished fact. Negotiations with the new company were only now commencing.

A plan is on foot to secure the Galops islands, on the river St. Lawrence, and to erect a club house there, the members of the club to be wealthy residents of New York, Brooklyn, Syracuse, Watertown and other American cities.

The government refused the application of Samuel Luckey for the possession of the body of his brother who was executed at Brockville, having ruled at the time of the Birchall case that where there is room within the jail walls the bodies of executed prisoners must be buried there.

Attorney-General Casgrain, of Quebec, is suing Auguste Dupuis for $5000 damages for having charged him with having betrayed his party, and having called Ernest Pacaud a thief after having asked and obtained from him several thousand dollars.

The Essex grand jury has returned true bills against M. J. O'Donnell on the charge of stealing railroad tickets from the Michigan Central railway, and Henry White, late treasurer of the Walkerville Malleable Iron Works, for embezzlement. Charles Gregory was found guilty of bigamy.

D. G. Waggoner, Dominion immigration agent, has returned from the New England States where he has been working during the past season. He says that since August over 2000 people have emigrated from Bedford, Maine, to Canada, many going to Manitoba and the Northwest territories.

Deputy Surgeon-General Oliver, of the British army, and son-in-law of Chief Justice Sir Thomas Galt, of Toronto, waited upon General Herbert and submitted an improved field accoutrement for soldiers which he has invented. It is probable that the new accoutrement will be adopted by the Dominion militia.

Cordingly's handsome brown sandstone block on Cumberland street, Port Arthur, is a mass of smoking ruins. The fire broke out about 4 a.m., and as it started either in the basement or first story it was impossible to arrest its progress. The building was valued at $10,000, and was insured in the North British for $4000.

With a return to the former rate of duty, as proposed by the Wilson bill, every limekiln near St. John, N. B., 35 of which have been closed since the McKinley law went into operation, will be in active duty again. The trade which went to Rockland, Maine, will return and in a short time the production of lime will be giving employment to hundreds of men, and its export will reach more than $1,000,000 annually.

The Canadian Pacific elevator on the Louise embankment, Quebec, is about completed, and will be ready for the reception of grain in a week or two. It is constructed on the same principle as the one just completed at St. John, New Brunswick. The building is 100x60 feet and 150 feet in height and has a storage capacity of 250,000 bushels, having 34 bins with an average capacity of 8000 bushels each. It can receive at the vessels at the rate of 15,000 bushels an hour. A vessel can take in grain from any one of her hatches without being moved.

It is learned that two-thirds of the entire herd of dairy stock at Guelph Agricultural college, 15 animals in all, are at present under the surveillance of Prof. Reid, of Guelph, and the staff of the college as suspected cases of tuberculosis. Since April last five animals have been slaughtered, three of which were found to have had the disease in an advanced stage. In interview Minister of Agriculture Dryden said that the disease was first discovered among some cows purchased last winter, some Guernseys from Markham and some of the same breed imported from England. They were at once isolated and almost immediately slaughtered. Since then a number of dairy animals have been isolated from others and the Koch tuberculine test applied. This test is not satisfactory; a number of cows, which according to it showed signs of the disease were slaughtered and the diagnosis showed that they had not the slightest trace of disease. The test, however, is still being applied to apparently healthy members of the herd.

The Smugglers Trial.

Portland, Dec. 16.—The trial of the Chinese conspiracy cases was resumed at 10 this morning, N. Blum on the stand. In cross-examination he said all conversations with defendants had been held in this city and county. He had Bannon's seal at different times, altogether about 30 days. The payment of $380, one of the last payments, was made to C. J. Mulkey who was in a beastly state of intoxication when the money was paid. Blum suggested to Mulkey that he had better step out of the room to receive the money; Mulkey replied that it was not necessary. About July 1st, 1893, Lotan, W. L. Boise, E. P. Thompson, Attorney Starr and others, met almost daily to concert measures toward preventing indictments. The indictments were made and the bonds given. About September 1st he went to San Francisco, was arrested and brought back to Portland and put in jail. None of the other conspirators would come to his relief. After being in jail several days, under these circumstances, he decided to turn states' evidence. He had no other agreement or promises from the government, except that the district attorney said that if Blum would do what was right he would be recommended to the court for leniency. Blum left the stand at 11:20 a.m., without anything sensational or new being developed in his examination.

Major McGregor, of the treasury department, a special employee, was called and identified the letters sent by Mulkey to Blum.

"CABINETS" $4 per doz.

"CORONAS" $5 per doz.

The newest and most beautiful style of photo. Soft, delicate and artistic.

These prices are for Xmas trade. Skene Lowe, Photo, 63 Gov't St.

CLOSING EXAMINATIONS.

Programme of Exercises for the Victoria West School.

The winter examinations of the Victoria public schools commence on Tuesday, when the Victoria West and Rock Bay schools will be closed. At Victoria West the junior division will hold their examination in the morning at 10 and the senior division at 1:15. An invitation to attend is extended to all interested. The programmes of exercises at Victoria West follow:

Beginning at 10 a.m., sharp.

Song........"The Red, White and Blue."
Recitation....Burns' "Address to a Louse."
Song "What Would You Take for Me, Papa?"
Recitation............"Where's My Hat?"
Song..............."That is so, my Boys."
Recitation.."I Want to Play all the Time."
Recitation..........Don't you Think?" etc.
Wand Drill ....
Song................"The Morning Song."
Recitation........"The First Snow-storm."
Recitation..........."Three Little Kitties."
Song..................."This is the Way."
Recitation.............."A Sad, Sad Story."
Recitation.................."We are Seven."
Song........................"Jack Frost."
Recitation......................"Black Bulls."
Recitation............"The Little Tadpoles."
Song......................"Swedish Song."
Recitation........."The Man in the Moon."
Recitation...................."The Mouse."
Song......................"The Moon Song."
Recitation.........."Rivers on the Map."
Recitation........................"Swedish."
Song......................"Raise Your Hands."
Recitation........"The Little School Girl."
Song.............."The Last School Days."
Recitation..............."The Mother Duck."
Song....................."The Maple Leaf."
Recitation............"The Wounded Hero."
Song..................."Xmas is Coming."
Presentation.
Visitors' remarks.
God Save the Queen.

Beginning at 1:15 p.m.

Song.........................."Vacation Song."
Geography............................Mr. Nicholson.
Song.............."The Red, White and Blue."
Composition.......................Alma Roberts.
Song..............."When the Dewy Night."
Grammar...............................Miss Lawson.
Song............................"Battle Hymn."
Arithmetic............................Mr. Nicholson.
"Xmas Exercise".......Miss Lawson's room.
Physiology.............................Mr. Nicholson.
Song........................"The Angel's Song."
Composition..Edith Nicholson—Percy Craft.
Song.............................."Jingle Bells."
Dialogue—"School.................Sea Boys."
Song........................"The Maple Leaf."
Dialogue—"Improvement Society" Sen. Girls.
Song.....................................""Vevala."
Visitors' remarks.
God Save the Queen.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

LACROSSE.

A LITTLE PREMATURE.

A Vancouver special to the Seattle Post-Intelligencer states that Mackenzie and Suckling, captains of the Westminster and Vancouver teams, have completed arrangements with the Midwinter Fair managers to play a series of games on Canadian day at San Francisco. They will be representative British Columbia teams and old rivals, so that expert scientific lacrosse, the best that can be procured, will be witnessed by California people, many of whom will see a lacrosse game for the first time. Every member of the teams chosen will be a crack player, and many will be ex-members of former world's championship teams." The dispatch then names those who will play, mentioning first the crack players of Vancouver and New Westminster, and then McNaughton, Eckhardt, Morton, Cullin and Ditchburn of the Victoria team. The Victoria men, however, know nothing about the arrangements mentioned.

FOOTBALL.

VICTORIA VS. VANCOUVER.

The Victoria and Vancouver football teams play at the Hill this afternoon. The teams are as follows:

Victoria—Back, Pettigrew; three-quarters, A. Crease, Haynes, Foulkes; half-backs, F. Smith, C. Ward; forwards, Gibson, O'Sullivan, Jones (captain), Scott, L. Crease, Langley, Warden, Wollaston and Fraser.

Vancouver—Back, H. C. Akroyd; three-quarters, J. H. Senkler, F. Miller, W. Howard; half-backs, W. S. Buell, T. A. McDougall; forwards, W. Boult, G. Taylor, J. Boultbee, H. O. Alexander, R. M. Fripp, R. M. Fripp, A. M. Curtis, E. McDougall, E. Harvey and F. Alexander.

The visitors will be entertained at a smoking concert to be held at the Clarence this evening.

THEIR NEW HALL.

The Firemen Housed—A Costly Assault—A Lynn Folle.

Nanaimo, Dec. 16.—The new fire hall wahs formally presented to the fire department last evening by the fire wardens amid much applause. The attendance was not so large as expected, owing to the incessant rain. The hall was fairly well filled. The wives of the firemen attended to the refreshments, so that nothing was wanted to make the affair successful.

The assault case of Jeffry vs. Hamilton was well aired before Judge Harrison yesterday, and caused much amusement to the audience. The plaintiff claimed $250 damages for the blow he received and made it up thus:

Nurse (his wife)	$ 40
Damage to self	160
Incidental expenses	50
Total	$250

The judge, after hearing the evidence of both sides announced he would reserve judgment subject to further argument.

A small sail boat has been picked up at Oyster Bay and some say it is the missing Lynn's boat. Those who know Lynn believe he has made his way out of the country by rail or steamer.

The first shipment of Australian mutton was sold in the meat market yesterday, but with very little difference in price. Deer meat is being hawked around by Indians at about 5 cents a pound; this of course being for the hind quarters.

Dolls Bedsteads and Cradles At Russell & McDonald's.

---We Carry the choicest Wines in the market. California Wine Co., Ltd., 55 and 57 Broad street.

Parfumerie Ed. Pinaud Paris,

Lilas de France Extract
" " Toilet Water
Arora Tulip Extract
Brisa del Monte Extract,
Parma Violet Toilet Water.

Cochrane & Munn,
Prescription Druggists,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Fine English table cutlery at Fox's

—The Merchants' Exchange club will be opened next Wednesday.

—The best perfume—attar of roses in tubes. At Bowes', 27 Johnson st.

—Saturday evening concerts are to be given by the Y. M. C. A. for the winter months.

—A fine line of Sheffield carvers in cases just opened at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Ask for the "New Silk" chair, table and mantel drapes (from 35c. each). Weiler Bros.

—The second rank was conferred on several candidates in Pythian Castle Hall Friday evening.

—Mrs. J. M. Ellis, phrenologist and physiognomist, will lecture in Institute Hall Monday evening.

—New fancy goods direct from New York only arrived to-day, very pretty and very cheap. Weiler Bros.

—It is simply wonderful. What? The display at Weiler Bros. You should just run in and see their magnificent stock.

—The spiritualists will hold service in Pioneer Hall, Broad street, Sunday evening at 7:30, Mrs. C. Mayo-Steers, medium.

A public meeting is to be held in the Chinese theatre to-morrow afternoon, conducted by Revs. Colman and Winchester, who have charge of the Chinese missions.

—The government bridge at Tugwell Creek has been washed away. Persons having business in that direction should note that the creek at that point is impassable.

—The Paragon Oil Co. complain that they have to pay more duty on the Paragon oil than on Pratt's Astral oil, because the Paragon oil is a much finer test and quality.

—In commission. Lange & Co., jewelers, Douglas street, have just received a fine assortment of goods for the holidays, for which they are asking very low prices, so as to dispose of them by the first of January.

—Dr. A. T. Watt of this city was married at Collingwood, Ont., on the 7th inst. to Miss M. Robertson, M. A., eldest daughter of Henry Robertson, Q. C., of Collingwood. Dr. and Mrs. Watt will make Victoria their home.

—Neill Peterson was sentenced to three years at hard labor in the speedy trials court this morning by Justice Drake. Peterson was convicted of burglary at Grice's grocery, Fort street. Peterson is at present serving three months for larceny.

—Donald Smellie of Salt Spring Island, who died at St. Joseph's hospital of fever, was buried on Thursday afternoon. He recently came from Scotland. The only relative deceased had in this country was a younger married brother.

—One of the results of the heavy rain last evening was to make a pond of the spot in front of the cotage corner of Belleville and Bird Cage walk, formerly occupied by Mr. Williams. The present occupant of the premises, Alexander Begg, had difficulty in reaching his office this morning dry shod.

—Tuesday morning has been decided upon as the day upon which the school children shall take their donations for the orphanages and benevolent society to the schools. With these donations, which are sure to be numerous, it is expected that every worthy person in Victoria who is in need will be provided with a good Christmas dinner.

—A special meeting of Sir William Wallace society will be held this evening for the election of officers. The advisability of having an impromptu entertainment and Santa Claus concert next Friday evening in aid of the city orphanages will be considered. The meeting of the society last evening was well attended, notwithstanding the unfavorable weather. The programme was interesting and instructive.

—The Victoria West Amateur Dramatic Society had a good house last evening, when they presented the four-act drama "Strife" in Victoria West hall. The acting on the whole was good. T. Gold as Judge Buttons was a typical, pompous old gentleman, and Miss A. Russell as Clara Belle, his ward, was a great success. Miss J. Dearberg made a good maid, and she took the part of Dolly without a fault. As the matron Miss C. Ure scored a triumph. R. J. Russell made a decided "hit" in the make-up of a policeman. His role could not have been better chosen. In the part of Mary Harris, Miss Burnett pleased very much. The other players also acquitted themselves well. The drama will be presented again this afternoon and evening.

—The members of the Vancouver football team are at the Victoria.

—A very successful sale of work was held yesterday at the Cedar Hill Presbyterian church.

—All the witnesses in the Stroebel case have been excused and nearly all will return to the Mainland in the morning.

—W. H. Smith and Miss J. A. Haslem were married at St. John's church on Wednesday evening by Rev. P. Jenns.

—There will be a band at the benefit to "Bob" Foster this evening. An open air concert will be given outside of the hall, commencing at 7:30.

—The sealers Enterprise and Rosie Olsen are in Esquimalt harbor still. They will not leave port again until the storm subsides. The Umbrina is still in port here.

—A new switch board is being put in at the C. P. R. telegraph office. It is the same as the old one but larger. The one taken out was growing too small to meet the needs of the office.

—The seventh anniversary of Colfax lodge, daughters of Rebekah, was celebrated last evening by a social. About 50 ladies and gentlemen attended and spent several pleasant hours, listening to a good musical programme.

—The Young Women's Christian Temperance Union will meet at the home of Mrs. D. Jenkins, 149 Chatham street, next Wednesday evening. It is hoped that every member will endeavor to be present, as an interesting and important meeting is expected.

—The Colonist has issued a Christmas number containing a number of interesting tales and sketches, with some pages devoted to British Columbia and its resources. A lithograph gives a clear view of the government buildings as they are to be.

—John Boyle was sentenced in the police court this morning to three months at hard labor for the theft of an oilskin coat from the second-hand store of Samuel Booth. Boyle also stole a pair of gum boots from Cameron's store; three months, sentences to run concurrently.

The divisional court, Hon. Justices McCreight and Crease, sat to-day to hear arguments in the appeal of Bellrose and others vs. the Corporation of Chilliwack. The appeal was from an order of Hon. Justice Drake, refusing to continue an injunction, regarding the collection of assessments in Chilliwack. Mr. Cassidy for appellants, Mr. Jenns for respondents.

—The lieutenant-governor and Mrs. Dewdney have kindly consented to patronize the entertainment given by the ladies of the Reformed Episcopal church on Tuesday, the 19th inst., at Philharmonic hall. The evening's entertainment will afford amusement for the children as well as interest for their elders. The most beautiful historical pictures will be shown in tableaux and fairy tales. During the evening a life-sized elephant will make his appearance. An excellent programme of vocal and instrumental music has been arranged. The admission has been placed at 50 cents for adults and 25 cents for children.

On Monday evening, in Philharmonic Hall, two very interesting plays will be presented by several of Victoria's amateur Thespians, in aid of St. John's church. The plays are "Sunset" and "My Uncle's Will." The following ladies and gentlemen appear in "Sunset": Mrs. Snowden, Miss Effie Dunsmuir, Messrs. Bryan Drake, W. Langley, Jas. Wilkinson and H. F. Mytton. In "My Uncle's Will," the following is the cast: Mrs. Snowden, Lieut. Nicholson, H.M.S. Royal Arthur; James Wilkinson. There will be an attractive musical programme. Tickets may be had of Messrs. T. N. Hibben & Co. and C. Lombard.

Clearance Sale of Toys
At Russell & McDonald's, opposite the iron church, Douglas street.

Have You Discovered
That Partridge is really giving up the millinery department? If not, for prices just see his window, 88 Yates street. Felt hats, 10 and 25 cents. A fine fur-trimmed hat for 50 cents. Be in time and have first choice.

Marine.

The steamer City of Topeka sailed from the Sound yesterday for Alaska.

The sealing schooner Enterprise had to return to port last evening on account of rough weather. Neil Morrison, one of her hunters, was washed overboard and rescued with some difficulty.

The Premier did not arrive from Vancouver until 12 last night, having waited for the Pacific express. The Walla Walla left for California immediately after the arrival of the Premier.

The Canadian-Australian line steamship Arawa will arrive from Vancouver to-night and leave early in the morning for Honolulu and Australia. She has about 50 tons of freight, principally flour, to take on at this port. The passengers for her are: H. Brackman, Capt. Capron and wife, W. A. Love, G. Strachan and wife, Miss Bryant, Honolulu, and R. Rutherford, Melbourne.

A 1
Sheffield razors (guaranteed), strops, shaving brushes, etc., the best variety in town, at Fox's, 78 Government street. Children's white fur boas, 35c.

Work Boxes and Writing Desks
At Russell & McDonald's.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

Don't Worry

About what to buy him at Xmas. Many small and tasty things can be got in gold and silver at a small cost that will just suit him. So don't worry but call and see Pennock & Lowe, the jewelers, about it, at 63 Government street.

TWO MUNICIPAL ACTS.

An Important Resolution to be Moved by Ald. Munn.

Ald. Munn has a notice on the bulletin board at the city hall which he will move at the next meeting of the council. It reads: "That in the opinion of the council separate municipal acts should be adopted for city and country municipalities.

"That persons who pay no municipal taxes shall not be entitled to register as municipal voters.

"That the powers of the corporation of the city of Victoria to deal with its sinking funds should be extended so as to authorize the investment of sinking funds in first mortgages on improved real estate held and used for farming purposes outside the municipality, or in purchasing local improvement debentures in the city when it is considered desirable.

"That the court of revision (on the assessment roll) shall not be limited to the hearing of complaints against assessments but shall have the powers of a board of equalization, a duty of which shall be to equalize assessments of property which in consequence of the action of the court otherwise are found to be disproportionate to the assessments of surrounding properties.

"That the rental qualification of municipal voters shall not be confined to householders only, but shall be extended to all bona fide residents of the city who pay a substantial rental, who in addition pay all municipal rates and taxes payable by them and who register as voters of the municipality.

"That by-laws authorizing the borrowing of money on the credit of the municipality shall require the assent of three-fifths of those voting upon such by-laws.

"Copies of this resolution to be forwarded to the members of the legislature for the city."

Rocking Horses and Shoo Fly Rockers
At Russell & McDonald's.

WORST ON RECORD.

A Mountain Blizzard—Death of a Gallant Veteran.

Vancouver, Dec. 16.—The worst blizzard on record is raging at Gull Lake. The trains are delayed indefinitely. The boat leaves on time.

Duncan J. Turner, of New Westminster, is dead. Deceased was one of the Black Watch, the 42nd Royal Highlanders, and took part in the relief of Lucknow, and gained the Indian Mutiny medal. He leaves a wife and four children.

AN UNPRECEDENTED DELUGE.

Tremendous Downpour of Rain at the Royal City.

New Westminster, Dec. 16.—There is no record here of heavier rain than that during the last twenty-four hours. From 6 yesterday morning till 8 this morning the heavy downpour never ceased for an instant. The result is immense damage to the streets, in some of which holes are washed out big enough to put a house in. Owing to the immense flow of water down 12th street the tramway service had to be abandoned on that thoroughfare. The rain caused a dozen or more landslides on the pleasure grounds between Columbia and Front streets, one of which rolled across Front street, carrying large trees with it, and wrecked the C. P. R. trestle beyond. Traffic was interrupted for ten hours.

Reports from the district say the storm was general and all streams are overflowing. Low lying lands are all flooded, and Serpentine valley is full of water, houses, barns and haystacks in many instances only being approachable in boats. The roads generally are covered with water, and both foot and vehicular traffic along the flats is impossible. Reports of damage done have not come in yet.

Air Rifles, Guns and Cannons
At Russell & McDonald's.

PERSONAL.

Harry Rhodes, of Vancouver, is at the Driard.

H. F. Behnsen returned from Vancouver last night.

G. A. Keefer returned from the Sound this morning.

Rev. E. M. Dill, of Independence, Ore., is at the Oriental.

F. Barnard, M.P., returned from the Mainland last night.

J. M. McKinnon and E. W. DeBeck, of Vancouver, are at the Oriental.

Jas. Punch, M.P.P., of Westminster, registered at the Oriental last night.

W. M. Gray, of New Westminster, and R. M. Patterson, of Vancouver, are at the Driard.

Henry Brackman, of the Brackman & Ker Milling Company, leaves for Honolulu on the Arawa. He will spend the winter on the islands.

H. C. Hoyle, M.P., of Australia, and Dr. Capron, of Honolulu, who came over on the Arawa, returned this morning from a trip to the Sound.

THE CHURCHES.

Central Presbyterian church. Services as usual at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Christadelphian Hall, 209 Douglas street. Sunday services 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Evening subject:—"The Confirmation of the Abrahamic Covenant. Everybody welcome.

Rev. E. A. Dill, of Nova Scotia, will preach in St. Andrew's Presbyterian church to-morrow at both services.

Emmanuel Baptist Church—Rev. O. B. Read, Evangelist, will preach in the morning at 11, subject, "Consecration"; evening at 7 o'clock, "Experience the Crucial Test of Religion."

Calvary Baptist Church—Preaching by the pastor; morning theme, "The True Ground of Rejoicing; evening, "Bound with an Infirmity."

The pulpit of the Metropolitan Methodist Church will be occupied at 11 a.m. by the Rev. Dr. Campbell, of the First Presbyterian Church, and at 7 p.m., the pastor, Rev. E. Cleaver, M.A., will continue his series of sermons on the character of Joseph, taking as his subject, "Sins Found Out."

—Dont forget we have the largest and choicest stock of Wines in the city. California Wine Co., Ltd., 55 and 57 Broad street.

The Westside

HAS JUST OPENED OUT

132½ Doz.

SWISS EMBROIDERED CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS.

As we must sell this lot before 1st January, we have marked them at prices to suit, viz: $1.75, $2.25, $2.75, $3.50, $4.25 and $5 per dozen. No nicer Xmas presents can be had for the money.

French Lawn Handkerchiefs artistically embroidered.

Gents' Initial Silk and Hemstitched Cambric Handkerchiefs.

KID AND LINED KID GLOVES, Superior Make.

Furs

In Seal, Bear, Alaskan Sable, Beaver and Opossum. Muffs, Collars, Boas and Ruffs. Fur-Lined Circulars and Capes.

LADIES' AND GENTS' SILK UMBRELLAS
Sterling Silver and other mounts

Mantles,

JACKETS, CAPES AND WATERPROOFS.

For the convenience of our customers the store will be open every evening next week until 9 o'clock.

J. Hutcheson & Co

Dec. 6th, 1893.

ESTABLISHED 1862. NO. 43 GOVERNMENT ST.

CHEAPER THAN EVER

The Largest Stock!
The Best Quality!
The Lowest Prices!
AT

C. E. REDFERN'S,

In Sterling Silver Table and Toilet Services, English Oak Table Ware, Dixon's Celebrated Electro Plate, Diamonds, and Fine Jewelry, Watches, Clocks. Imported direct from the English Manufacturers for Cash, and are for Sale at the Lowest Possible Prices.

$$$.....$$.....$$$

What you make by getting your clothes made at J. W. Creighton's. Prices—Overcoats from $25.00 up, Suits from $18.00 up, and Pants from $5.00 up.

No. 86 Government Street.

WINTER TIME TABLE

NATIONAL ELECTRIC TRAMWAY AND LIGHTING COMPANY

20 MINUTE CAR SERVICE.

FORT ST.—5c.—First car leaves the Power House at 6:20 a.m.; Hospital at 6:40 a.m. Last car leaves Power House at 11 p.m.; Hospital at 11:20 p.m.

OAK BAY—5c.—First car leaves Junction at 7:20 a.m.; Oak Bay at 7:30 a.m. Last car leaves Junction at 10 p.m.; Oak Bay at 10:30 p.m.

DOUGLAS ST. AND OUTER WHARF—5c.—First car leaves Toimie Avenue at 6:35 a.m.; Outer Wharf at 6:40 a.m. Last car leaves Toimie Ave. at 10:55 p.m.; Outer Wharf at 11:00 p.m.

SPRING RIDGE AND BEACON HILL—5c.—First car leaves Beacon Hill at 6:50 a.m.; Fernwood at 6:45 a.m. Last car leaves Beacon Hill at 10:20 p.m.; Fernwood at 11:18 p.m.

ESQUIMALT—10c.—First car leaves Power House at 7:00 a.m.; Campbell's Corner at 7:30 a.m.; Esquimalt at 7:25 a.m. Last car leaves Power House at 10:40 p.m.; Campbell's Corner at 10:30 p.m.; Esquimalt at 11:05 p.m.

F. W. McCRADY, Sup't.

The World's Record

Now held at 88 Government street where the $25 Suits are made in 24 hours' notice, and Pants made in 6 hours.

The Goods are not Given Away

But these prices cannot be approached in the East or B. C.

D. CAMPBELL & CO., 88 GOVERNMENT STREET.

We Would Draw

Your attention to the fact that

Baby's Own Soap is the finest soap to be fouud for nursery use. It is the best soap known for a delicate skin. Deliciously perfumed it leaves a freshness, softness and smoothness, which makes its use a positive luxury.

THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., MONTREAL

Health
Wealth
Wisdom

You promote the first,
Secure the second,
And prove that you already
Possess the last by
Ordering your Christmas
Supplies from

Saunders'

THE Grocery Store Of British Columbia.

ARRIVED—
New Grass Australian Butter.
Delicious! Try it.

Nos. 39 and 41 Johnson Street.

Jamieson

Has the finest assortment of Xmas cards and booklets.

Jamieson

Has the most varied and cheapest assortment of children's books and annuals.

Jamieson

Has the nicest display of DOLLS, DOLLS, DOLLS, DOLLS. And at lowest prices.

Jamieson

Has the most beautiful display of hand-painted art goods in glass photo frames, glass and porcelain stands, placques and vases, just opened.

Jamieson

Has a complete line of ordinary teachers' and family Bibles, English, Presbyterian, Methodist and Roman Catholic prayer and hymn books.

Jamieson

Has the best all round display of Xmas gifts.

Next to Postoffice.

SKETCHES.

IN AND ABOUT VICTORIA AND ELSEWHERE.

BLACK INGRATITUDE.

In the vicinity of the outer wharf one day I met a gentleman connected with the shipping interest of Victoria. An enquiry on my part as to the speed of a fine three-masted clipper, then being laden, led to a conversation, in the course of which the gentleman asked me if I had ever seen the American clippers that used to sail between various European ports and New York.

"Yes," I replied, "I had seen some of those sailing from London and Liverpool, and also several of the Clyde clippers."

"Ah, yes!" he said, "but I was not speaking of those that carried freight only. It was the regular liners, carrying passengers, that I was thinking of."

"Well, no, I could not remember any such vessels."

Upon which he said that some 20 years ago there were several very fast ships almost equal in speed to the steamships of that day. Amongst others he remembered particularly a Liverpool liner, which we will call the Slap Dash, commanded by a particular friend of his, Captain A—. The Slap Dash was one of the largest and best fitted of the passenger ships of that time, and had very superior cabin accommodation. The main saloon or cuddy was very long, with sleeping cabins on each side. Now Captain A. had a predilection for darkie crews, and as by arrangement with the owners he took charge of the victualling of the possengers, his cabin staff was also composed of colored men and boys with a chief steward over all, who had been with Captain A. for several years, and in whom he had full reliance.

Captain A. was in the habit while in port, of going ashore in the forenoon and not returning till late at night. On one occasion while in Liverpool, moored alongside the dock quay, a sudden indisposition caused him to hasten his return early in the afternoon, and his berth being the foremost one on the starboard side, it so happened that no one noticed his return. Partly undressing, he lay down upon his bed and slept for some time. At last he awoke and to his astonishment he heard a great noise of voices, and a clattering, as though of knives and forks, with the tinkling of glasses. Thinking he must be dreaming he lay quiet for a while. But the sounds continued, and now he heard the unmistakable sounds of champagne corks added to the din. Slipping off his couch he partly opened the door, which being at the end of the cuddy, enabled him to see along its whole length; and greatly was he astonished to see a party of some 40 persons, including several women and all colored people including the steward and his helpers together with some members of the crew, while the rest were doubtless guests from the shore. All this joyous party were occupied in partaking of a plentiful repast, and amply supplied with bottled beer and various decanters of wine, and evidently the crowning point or moment of the feast had just arrived, with the introduction of champagne, which was being liberally handed around by the younger members of the party. Captain A. was so astonished and amused at this enormous joke, of which he had been made the unconscious victim, that he disposed himself to listen. Presently the president of the feast, his worthy, trusted steward, stood up, glass in hand, and said, "Ladies and gentlemens, sharge yer glasses; I am berry much honored by yer company, and am proud to see de lubbly faces ob de ladies and de digernified gents whom am de guests of dis occasion. I hab much pleasure den in gibbin a toast. Here's to better times for us all!" This was too much for the listener's equanimity, so, rushing out, he exclaimed, "Why, you infernal scoundrel, better times indeed, and you drinking and feasting at my expense."

But here, my informant said, his friend's description became confused, for such was the scene of confusion, the fright of the steward, the terror of the guests, as they sprang from their seats and huddled together at the further end of the cabin, that words failed to picture the scene. Captain A. retired to his berth to finish dressing, upon which a scurrying of feet could be heard past his door as the guests fled from the scene of their spoiled festivity. As to what the captain did to punish his steward he never said, but as he did not dismiss him, no doubt he made him pay, for the case certainly required some punishment.

"Don't you think it was the height of impudence on his steward's part?"

"Yes, I do," I answered," and it was decidedly also an instance of black ingratitude."

I thanked the gentleman for his interesting anecdote and bidding him good day turned to resume my morning walk. As I went along my thoughts, in their sometimes erratic fashion, recalled a singular dream that was related to me by an old shipmate of mine. It has nothing to do with darky crews, and perhaps has no right to appear under the heading of this sketch; nevertheless I tell it as it was told me, as it may amuse some of my readers.

"A queer dream I had the other night," said Tom Roberts as we were seated by the cabin fire. "I dreamt that I was on shore one night and seeing lights in a chapel I thought I would go in and hear the sermon. I entered and seating myself near the door looked around. It was an oblong building and was well filled. But I did not see one white face amongst the congregation. All were colored folks. The preacher, too, was a very dark darkey, with bushy woolly hair. He was dressed in black and had a big white necktie tied in a bow. The sermon had commenced before my entrance, and the preacher was very energetic, shouting at the top of his voice, and thumping the pulpit violently. I couldn't catch what he said, but the congregation was very attentive. Presently I began to feel unusually warm, and looking around I found to my astonishment that the chapel, which I saw was built of iron, was becoming red hot. It become hotter and hotter, and presently the preacher who had kept on shouting and hammering away, seemed to notice the state of things, for he looked down and cried out, "Bradder Jones, turn on de water!" Upon this a deaconish-looking negro rose and went out, and in a moment there was a mighty hissing and fizzing, and the walls began to darken and cool down until they resumed their previous appearance. But now it appeared as if we were to undergo a new experience, for the water began to rise until my feet were covered. I thought that this must be a congregation of some sort of extreme Baptists, but feeling chilled I concluded it best to retire, and rising to go out—and at that instant I awoke." "Well," I said, "that was a queer dream; but you're a queer fellow, Tom. Good night."

UNCLE JOHN.

A Day Drops Out.

A question which has often been asked, but rarely answered satisfactorily, is, how far one would have to go round the earth, moving east and west, and supposing no time lost in transition, before one would reach the point where to-day changes into yesterday or to-morrow. Evidently there must be a point somewhere, says the Chicago Herald, for an hour is lost every 15 degrees one goes to the east and an hour gained every 15 degrees one goes to the west.

To put the question in another way, suppose it is one minute past midnight in Paris on the morning of October 1st, what day is it at the same moment at the antipodes of Paris? Is it October 1st of September 30th?

Apparently one can prove that it is either of these days by making an instantaneous journey half way around the earth, either to the east or to the west.

Going east, at the moment the Paris clocks point to a minute past midnight, it is approximately 1 o'clock in the morning of October 1st at Vienna, 2 o'clock of the same day at Sebastopol, 3 o'clock at Astrakhan, 4 o'clock at Bokhara, 7 o'clock at Saigon, 9 o'clock at Yokohama, 11 o'clock at Pine Island and noon at Fortune Island—the 1st of October at every point.

On the other hand, going westward one finds that it is 10 o'clock in the evening of September 30th at the Azores Islands, 8 o'clock in the evening at Buenos Ayres, 7 o'clock in New York, 6 o'clock at New Orleans, 3:15 in the City of Mexico, 1 o'clock in the afternoon near the Aleutian Islands, and noon at the Fortune Islands, the date being September 30th in each case.

Thus one has demonstrated that it is noon of October 1st and noon of September 30th at the same place and at the same time.

This would certainly be embarrassing to the good people of Fortune Island and in order to avoid such complications and relieve well-meaning islanders in the Pacific from mixing up their Saturdays and Sundays in hopeless fashion an arbitrary line separating to-day from yesterday or to-morrow has been agreed upon by the navigators of civilized nations.

This line has been drawn to avoid touching land. No one can be exactly sure of the moment of passing it, but the line runs just east of the New Hebrides and the New Caledonian groups and passes near the Marion Islands and the Caroline Islands.

Captains of vessels, judging by the positions of the islands mentioned, can fix the date within a few minutes.

Vessels sailing from west to east, on passing this imaginary line, simply repeat the day before on their log books, which consequently shows two days bearing the same date.

On the other hand, ships going in the opposite direction skip the to-morrow and lose a day entirely. In the first case the sailors get an extra day's pay; in the second place they lose a day's pay.

The conclusion of the whole matter is that when Paris clocks indicate 1 minute past midnight on October 1st, it is October 1st going east as far as the imaginary line just indicated, while it is September 30th going west up to the same line.

Schiffmann's Asthma Cure

Who have in vain tried other means of relief should try "Schiffmann's Asthma Cure." No waiting for results. Its action is immediate, direct and certain, as a single trial proves. Send to Dr. R. Schiffmann, St. Paul, Minn., for a free trial package, but ask your druggist first.

The Jerusalem of To-Day.

The present population of Jerusalem is not far from forty thousand, and more than half are Jews. They live in a separate quarter of their own, as do also the various divisions of Christians, as the Armenians, the Greeks and the Protestants. All these quarters are densely built, with narrow and irregular lanes for streets, but the prevailing prosperity does not seem to reach the abodes of the Hebrews. The indications are all of extreme poverty. A synagogue was pointed bearing an inscription showing that it was the gift of a Paris Rothschild; but its mean appearance and unattractive surroundings bore no suggestion of critical refinement in the congregation. The articles of food are out for sale in the petty little shops were often squalid and repulsive. We came so often upon spoiled salt fish among the stores exposed by the venders, that we concluded it must form a regular element of diet in the quarter. There was no visible sign of industry by which the people might earn their living; and no one need be surprised to learn that in various parts of the world the well-to-do and charitable Jews are regularly called upon to contribute to the support of their pauper brethren in Jerusalem.—Charles A. Dana.

Relief in Six Hours.—Distressing kidney and bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise and a delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. Sold by Langley & Co.

30 YEARS EXPERIENCE. Tobacco is one of the few articles of manufacture whose real merit can only be found out by actual use. For thirty years we have been making the best grades of tobaccos and we recommend MASTIFF·PLUG·CUT as a reliable and superior article.

J. B. PACE TOBACCO CO., Richmond, Va., and Montreal.

Everyone who can afford it should have a Melissa Rainproof Wrap. The most fashionable, comfortable and economical garment of the day.

He's happy now he's got it on!

RHEUMATISM
NEURALGIA, MUSCULAR STIFFNESS, PAIN IN SIDE & LAME BACK MUST GO WHEN THE "D.&L." MENTHOL PLASTER IS USED

The Highest Standard of Excellence in Point of Flavor, Nutrition and Digestibility
Has been attained by
JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF.
The Public have a positive guarantee that they are getting the best possible form of concentrated nourishment.
REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA
(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (With power to increase)	£600,000,	$2,920,000
RESERVE	£270,000,	$1,314,000

HEAD OFFICE: 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

BRANCHES:
IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON, (KOOTENAY LAKE).
IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:
IN CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank Imperial Bank of Canada, and Bank of Nova Scotia.
IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago.
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & Co'

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.
Victoria, B.C. July 1, 1893. GEO GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS
CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS
Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers
Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.
In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there, has able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.
OFFICES—
VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.
To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.

STATIONS.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays.	Miles from Wellington.
VICTORIA	Ar. 12:30 P M	Ar. 5:30 P M	78
RUSSELL'S	" 12:26	" 5:26	[illegible]
ESQUIMALT	" 12:10	" 5:16	[illegible]
GOLDSTREAM	" 11:46 A M	" 4:51	[illegible]
SUMMIT SIDING	" 11:10	" 4:22	[illegible]
SHAWNIGAN LAKE	" 10:50	" 3:56	[illegible]
COBBLE HILL	" 10:40	" 3:46	[illegible]
McPHERSON'S	" 10:27	" 3:31	[illegible]
KOKSILAH	" 10:17	" 3:21	[illegible]
DUNCAN'S	[illegible]	" 3:16	[illegible]
SOMENOS	[illegible]	" 3:06	[illegible]
CHEMAINUS	[illegible]	" 2:41	[illegible]
OYSTER BAY SID'G	[illegible]	" 2:25	[illegible]
NANAIMO (Ar.)	De. [illegible]		[illegible]
NANAIMO (De.)	Ar. [illegible]	" 1:45	[illegible]
WELLINGTON	De. 8:00	De. 1:30	[illegible]

NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.

STATIONS.	Miles from Victoria.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.
VICTORIA	[illegible]	De. 3:00 P M	De. 8:00 A M
RUSSELL'S	[illegible]	" 3:04	" 8:04
ESQUIMALT	[illegible]	" 3:14	" 8:14
GOLDSTREAM	[illegible]	" 3:39	" 8:39
SUMMIT SIDING	[illegible]	" 3:10	" 9:14
SHAWNIGAN LAKE	[illegible]	" 3:36	" 9:34
COBBLE HILL	[illegible]	" 3:46	" 9:44
McPHERSON'S	[illegible]	" 4:01	" 9:57
KOKSILAH	[illegible]	" 4:11	" 10:07
DUNCAN'S	[illegible]	" 4:16	" 10:12
SOMENOS	[illegible]	" 4:26	" 10:27
CHEMAINUS	[illegible]	" 4:45	" 10:46
OYSTER BAY SID'G	[illegible]	" [illegible]	" 11:00
NANAIMO (Ar.)	[illegible]		Ar. 11:50
NANAIMO (De.)	73	" 5:46	De. 11:55
WELLINGTON	78	Ar. 6:00	Ar. 12:14 P M

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 22,
Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.
Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.
Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.
Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.
Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.
Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.
The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y
Dispatch a steamer
Every 5 days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.
Walla Walla - - Dec. 15
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
The Scenic Route of the World.
Cheap Rates and Fast Time
TO ALL POINTS
East and South East.
THROUGH SLEEPERS on all trains to St. Paul and Montreal.
ELEGANT UPHOLSTERED TOURIST CARS leave daily for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Every Tuesday for Boston and every Saturday for Toronto running through WITHOUT CHANGE.
STEAMSHIP DEPARTMENT.
R.M.S. Empress of China sails for Hong Kong via Yokohama Dec. 17th.
R.M.S. Arawa for Australian ports via Honolulu Dec. 16th.
All Atlantic steamship lines represented.
For ticket rates and all information apply to
GEO. L. COURTENAY, General Agent.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC Steamship Co'y.
In connection with
THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY
The Shortest Route to
JAPAN AND CHINA
Proposed Sailings of Steamers 1893-1894.
(Subject to alteration.)
WILL LEAVE TACOMA

Steamship Victoria	Dec. 14th
Steamship Tacoma	Jan. 17th
Steamship Mogul	Feb. 7th
Steamship Victoria	Feb. 28th
Steamship Tacoma	April 4th
Steamship Mogul	April 25th
Steamship Victoria	May 15th

Steamship Victoria, Captain Panton, will leave Tacoma on the 14th of December, at daylight, and will carry passengers and freight at current rates. For freight or passage apply to
DODWELL, CARLILL & CO., General Agents, Victoria
Or E. E. BLACKWOOD, General Agent N. P.R.R. Co., Victoria.

QUICK TIME!!!
TO SAN FRANCISCO
—AND—
ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,
Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the
Southern Pacific Company
The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South
Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast
PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.
Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars
Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.
For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservation etc., call upon or address
THOS. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1106 Pacific Ave. Tacoma, Wash.
E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.
STEAMER JOAN
J. E. BUTLER, Master.
On and after March 22nd, 1893,
Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:
Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:
Leave Victoria ... Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox ... Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo ... Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria ... Saturday, 7 a.m.
Trips to Valdes Island are discontinued.
For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria ... Store street.

HONOLULU, OF O. S. S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!
The Oceanic Steamship Company
Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco,
FOR HONOLULU ONLY
S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons), Saturday, December 23, 1893, 2 p.m.
For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change
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STORY OF A TRAGEDY.

The Crime for Which Albert Bamburger Must Die.

Cando, N.D., Dec. 16.—Albert Bamburger will be hanged here to-day for the murder of Daniel S. Kreider, his wife and their four children. The crime was committed at daylight on the morning of June 7th last. The murdered family were at one time residents of Lebanon county, Pa., where four brothers of the murdered man still reside. Bamburger is also a native of the same county, and his father lives on Lehman street in the city of Lebanon.

Early on the morning of the day named the community was horrified by the arrival of little Annie Kreider, who, half dressed and almost frantic, had walked in from the farm, about two miles distant. Between shrieks and cries she told the residents who were astir that her father's family had been butchered by the hired man. Citizens who hurried to the homestead found an awful spectacle of wholesale butchery, the father lying in his bed, the mother in the kitchen, where she had been preparing breakfast, the three girls, aged respectively 13, 11 and 9, and one seven year old boy lying stiff and stark where they had fallen from wounds inflicted by a double barreled shotgun in the hands of Bamburger. The latter, who was a nephew of Dan Kreider, had been employed as general utility man on the farm for about nine months.

The murdered children were Berenice, aged 13; Merly, aged 11; Mary, aged 9, and David, aged 7. Four other children, the eldest being Annie, aged 15, were spared by the murderer. From their stories it was developed that Bamburger on the day prior to the tragedy had a dispute with his uncle over a trifling matter, during which the two men nearly came to blows. Mrs. Kreider, however, interfered, and it was supposed that the trouble had been amicably adjusted.

Just about daylight on the following day, however, Bamburger went into the room where his uncle was sleeping and fairly riddled him with bullets from a Winchester rifle. He then went down to the kitchen and shot Mrs. Kreider, who was preparing breakfast. Annie, who slept upstairs, heard the shots, and upon getting up met the murderer on the stairs. He drove her back to his room and locked her in and then went to the children's room and began killing them. Berenice jumped out of a window, but the fiend went after her, brought her back and shot her through the head. By piteous appeals and supplications Annie induced the butcher to spare her life and also to spare her three remaining little brothers. At the muzzle of his gun he compelled her to prepare his breakfast, the corpse of her mother lying at her feet. He leisurely ate the meal, then criminally assaulted her, tied her hand and foot, locked her in the barn, saddled her favorite pony and rode away to the northward. With the aid of one of her brothers the girl succeeded in freeing herself and made her way to town, leaving the little ones alone with the dead.

As soon as the alarm had been given a score of citizens started in pursuit. Sheriff McCune and a posse started in the same direction half an hour later. The murderer was making for the Turtle mountains. At the same time a mass meeting of citizens in the market place offered a reward of $500 for the capture of the murderer. Bamburger, however, managed to make his way to Deloraine, Manitoba, sixty miles from Cando, where he was captured late on Saturday night. He was taken in charge by Sheriff McCune just in time to avoid his being lynched by a party of thirty determined men, who had come from Cando for that purpose. On a trip of 150 miles homeward a "necktie party" was barely escaped three times, and when Cando was reached deputies were stationed along the walk from the station to the jail. An immense crowd had gathered, and clamored for the murderer's blood, but through the efforts of the sheriff and the police he was safely landed in jail. It was found necessary, however, to order out a company of the national guards, who did duty around the jail through the night.

Late at night the murderer was moved to Grand Forks, where he made a full confession. He said he was 22, and had run away from his home in Pennsylvania at 17, because his father abused him and his mother used him cruelly. According to his story, he went west, travelled through Nebraska and Montana, and finally wound up in this city, learned where the Kreiders were living, and went to work for them a year ago. He soon took a fancy to Annie, the eldest girl, and made several improper proposals to her, but was always baffled in his purpose. The last attempt was made on the night of June 6th. The girl resisted and cried and threatened to tell her father. Bamburger then determined to kill the whole family. Early the next morning he rose, loaded his gun, crept stealthily into the family sleeping room and shot Kreider dead. Then he went downstairs and shot the wife. Going upstairs he found that the children had been awakened by the discharge of the firearms. He first shot Merry, aged 11; then Mary, aged 9; then David, aged 7. Berenice in the meantime had jumped through the window. After chasing her and bringing her back he put a bullet through her brain, and then finding that Mary was not quite dead he cut her throat from ear to ear with a butcher knife. He then went on to tell how he ordered Annie up to her room, outraged her twice, tied her hands behind her back and her ankles together, and secured all the money there was about the house, some $50, and started for Manitoba. The murderer was tried at the next term of court, promptly convicted and sentenced to be hanged. The remains of the victims were taken to Pennsylvania for interment, and the surviving children were also returned to the care of relatives in Lebanon county. Since his incarceration Bamburger has at times maintained an air of bravado and other times has endeavored to impress his guards with the belief that he is insane. The crimes are of so diabolical a nature that no effort in the direction of executive clemency has been attempted.

American Money.

New York, Dec. 15.—To-day's operations at the stock exchange were simply a repetition of yesterday's and Wednesday's markets. The sales were again small, amounting to 146,875 shares, of which 45,000 were unlisted stocks. In the last named total sugar figured for 40,808 shares. A few stocks like Sugar, New England, Distillers', General Electric, St. Paul and Chicago Gas monopolized attention. Sugar was decidedly stronger, rising from 79 3-4 to 82 7-8, on account of the covering of short stock contracts. New England was firmer on Boston advices that the company would certainly meet its January interest. Distillers', after a slight advance at the start suddenly broke 2 to 27 1-8. Near the close there was a moderate "swing" movement in Distillers', Louisville and Nashville, Atchison and New York. All the stocks sold at the lowest point of the day. In the final transactions there was a slight recovery and the market left off steady. The net changes show losses of 1-8 to 1 1-8 per cent. outside of Lackawanna, which declined 2 1-4, and Sugar, common and preferred, Texas preferred, United States Rubber preferred, and Consolidated Gas, however, gained 1 3-4 to 2 5-8 per cent. Closing bids: Atchison, 18 5-8; Burlington & Quincy, 78 1-8; Canadian Southern, 53 3-4; Canadian Pacific, 73 1-2; Central Pacific, 19; Chicago, Cincinnati & Columbus, 37 7-8; Delaware & Lackawanna, 164 3-4; Erie, 15 1-2; Wells Fargo Express, 128; Great Northern preferred, 106 1-2; Lake Shore, 126 1-8; Louisville & Nashville, 48 3-4; Missouri Pacific, 24; New York Central, 101 3-4; New England, 28; North American company, 4 1-2; Northern Pacific, 6; Northern Pacific preferred, 12 7-8; Northwestern, 103; Oregon Navigation, 28; Oregon Improvement, 15; Pacific Mail, 14; Rock Island, 67 3-4; Southern Pacific, 22; St. Paul, 61 7-8; Texas Pacific, 8 1-4; U. P., 20 1-2; Western Union, 87 1-2; bar silver 1-4 lower, at 70 1-4. Sterling exchange, steady; actual rates, 60 days, 4.84 1-2; demand, 4.87 1-4 bid.

Bradstreet's to-day will say: Aside from a moderate improvement in demand in one or two particular lines at St. Louis, Milwaukee and Louisville, Savannah, Chattanooga and Houston, general trade remains as dull and in many instances duller than before. The bank clearings at 56 cities aggregated 911,000,000 this week, 18 per cent. less than last week, and two per cent. less than in the second week in December, 1892. The gross earnings of 126 railroads in November reported to Bradstreet's are $46,507,000, a decrease of 6.6 per cent, and for the 11 months ending November 20, 122 roads report their gross earnings at $478,834,813, a decrease of 1.5 per cent., their aggregate mileage having increased 2.7 per cent. The exports of wheat, both coasts, (flour included), equals 34,217,000 bushels. This is a sharp increase within a week. The Pacific coast exports increased fully 570,000 bushels. A year ago the total was 3,277,000 bushels, and two years ago it was 5,405,000 bushels. At Toronto the trade in dry goods and fur is now active, but below expectations. At Montreal general business has been stimulated by colder weather, aided by the good condition of the country roads. At Halifax a cold wave has resulted in increased purchases also. The bank clearings at Toronto, Hamilton, Montreal and Halifax aggregate $17,600,000 this week—a decrease of 18 per cent. as compared with the week before or with the same week a year ago. The business failures in Canada number 46 this week. Last week the total was 28, one year ago it was 30, and two years ago it was 23.

Spirit of the Scottish Manse.

A correspondent of The Speaker has been residing in a Scottish manse and has been enjoying it. "The manse," he says, "gives character alike to the place and to the people. For the manse is perhaps the most potent and typical institution in rural Scotland. The 'big house,' or whatever the place may be that corresponds to the English manor or hall, is much less important and characteristic. The clergy have been for the past three hundred years the real aristocracy, the true leaders and heroes of the people, interpreting and educating the national mind, possessing the popular imagination, filling the common heart. The lords and gentry have been largely educated in England, have lived there for the greater portion of the year, have had there their social and political ambitions, and have grown too alien in mind and feeling either to understand or influence the people. But the clergy have been the most distinctive products of Scottish education, which, so far from separating them from the people, has really qualified them to be their teachers. Much of the national love of learning was due to the way in which learning was embodied in the manse, and the dignity it gave to him who was esteemed as the father even more than the pastor of his people." No truer words have been spoken. The separation of the present land-owning class in Scotland from the interests and mind of the people is so complete that now no real understanding between the two seems possible.

No other remedy is so reliable, in cases of sudden colds, or coughs, or for any and all derangements of the throat and lungs, as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. This wonderful medicine affords great relief in consumption, even in the advanced stages of that disease.

The house of lords had on its roll 401 members in 1830, 433 in 1837; but today there are 672 peers in the second chamber. Since 1820 there have been 328 new votes added to the house of lords, of whom 208 were added by Liberal ministers and 120 by Conservatives. Mr. Gladstone alone has made eighty-two peers.

Mr. John Nicholls, who has just died, was for many years trumpet major of the 4th Dragoon Guards, and was the last remaining trumpeter of this regiment who rode with them in the famous charge of the Heavy Cavalry Brigade, and the youngest boy in the regiment at the time. It was he who sounded the rally for the commanding officer.

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In Canada scores of our best physicians are now prescribing Paine's celery compound for their patients, because they know of nothing else so reliable for quickly restoring the sick and suffering.

The present popularity of Paine's celery compound is as wonderful as its astonishing cures.

Letters of thanks come in every day from thankful and appreciative people who have been made well and strong after suffering for years.

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No other medicine is as good; only Paine's celery compound can meet your case and cure you.

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A few days ago a letter was received from a well-known citizen of Toronto—a gentleman highly respected in business circles. Mr. A. B. Wark, of the firm of Bentley, Brownell & Wark, 81 King street East, writes as follows:

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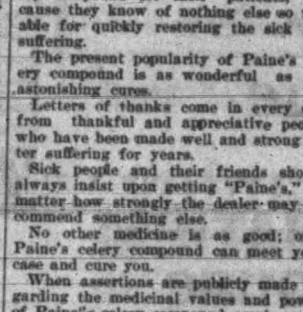

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THE MAYORALTY.

To the Electors of Victoria:

I beg to intimate that I am a candidate for re-election as Mayor, and respectfully solicit your support.

ROBERT BEAVEN.

28th November, 1893.

MAYORALTY.

To the Voters of the City of Victoria:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—I beg to announce myself as a candidate for the office of mayor for the ensuing year, and most respectfully solicit your votes and interest.

I have the honor to be, your obedient servant,

JOHN TEAGUE.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 27th, 1893. n27-td

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THE MARSHALL HOMICIDE.

One More Witness to be Examined in the Marshall Homicide.

ARGUMENTS TO BEGIN ON MONDAY

Veracity of a Witness in Question This Morning—Number of Witnesses Give Evidence in Rebuttal—An Expert Who Was Not Heard.

When the Times went to press yesterday afternoon Stroebel, the prisoner in the Marshall homicide, was being cross-examined. Continuing, he said: He did not remember the number of the lot the name of the street. He got the lot and 38 acres of land at Seymour creek for $600. He did not believe he told Porter he got home between 5 and 6 o'clock. He did not think Porter would swear to a lie. The witness must have misunderstood his question. He did not tell that at New Westminster. He believed he did swear that all Porter's evidence was true. He forgot about it or he would have told that. He did not tell Silverthorne that he had left his revolver at the stump at Marshall's. He did not think he had made the statement to McGillivray. He did not tell the fish story at the inquest. In explanation he said he got as far in the story as the milking of the cow and the magistrate stopped him saying, "Oh, that is all you know about it." He replied "Yes." The magistrate asked if he knew where Marshall kept his money and Stroebel had answered that he did not. Then he left the stand. He had let the magistrate stop him and then he signed the evidence. He did not believe he had told the foregoing at New Westminster. He intended to give the same evidence at the inquest as here but was "choked off" and did not have sense enough to go on.

Re-examined by Mr. Morrison, the witness said the inquest was to find out if Marshall had been killed, not about his fishing expedition. His conversation with Silverthorne was general. He only remembered McGillivray asking him when he got home. He had answered between 9 and 10 o'clock. He did not think the Attorney-General had mentioned the name McQuee at the other trial. Eyerley had heard Jessup's evidence and his also about the incident of the discharge of the pistol then placed at six weeks before the tragedy. Stroebel's father was in Oklahoma territory in April last. His father had sent for him. He did not know whether Lucas was friendly or not. His sisters were in Everett. To his lordship the prisoner said that Mr. Porter was one who had given him to understand that he was suspected. He could only remember Mr. Porter saying "A man who would do that should be punished." He said he knew McGillivray had been "blabbing" around but did not know who had told him.

That closed the case of the defence and Mr. Porter was re-called in rebuttal by the prosecution. The defense objected but the court held it to be perfectly regular. Mr. Porter recalled the conversation with Stroebel on the 19th. Stroebel told him he wanted to buy a barber shop but did not say what shop. Cross-examined, the witness said Stroebel did not say he might or would like to buy a barber shop but was going to. The witness after a time said it was vaguely possible that Stroebel might have said he was going to buy a barber shop. He had never given that information before as no one had asked him. He had a slight suspicion of Stroebel early in the morning of the 20th, but did not mention it that forenoon. He was sure he did not mention it till the afternoon when he went to Marshall's. He heard no one else mention his name. He did not start the scent. He met Mr. Baxter and they had a conversation. Baxter asked if Stroebel had been with him. They had talked of Stroebel that morning but did not mention him with suspicion. He admitted speaking significantly to Stroebel. The witness said he would not swear to the exact words in his testimony but to the sense and substance.

P. A. Lawrence, attorney and mayor of Sumas, was recalled. He said Larsen's barber shop was burned in February, and it was in the old shop Larsen had told him that a circumstance which he had a doubt of had been cleared up.

Cross-examined, the witness admitted that he had complained of his treatment from Mr. Morrison. He acted not so much for himself as for other witnesses, although he too had cause for complaint.

Mr. Morrison wanted to know in what respect and the witness replied that on the other side of the line they were not used to having witnesses treated in that way. There when a witness was impeached it was done by direct evidence not by insinuation.

Mr. Morrison asked when the insinuation had been made.

The witness replied that it was one as to contingent fees. It was not considered honorable for an attorney to take contingent fees except in certain cases and he understood Mr. Morrison to insinuate that he had taken a contingent fee and was therefore a pettifogger. In answer to a question he said he had known practitioners in good standing in the United States take contingent fees, but only in damage cases. More questions as to legal etiquette and the proper manner for a witness to appeal for protection to the court were asked. The Attorney-General here protested against the manner in which the witness was being treated, expressing surprise at his lordship for not stopping it before such a course simply made the court a case of torture in an effort to show the counsel to be superior to the witness. If continued no witnesses would come from the United States to give evidence and there would be a reign of terror among witnesses. He recalled the statement that Mr. Morrison had said he intended to prove all his insinuations against the characters of the witnesses but had closed his case without doing so. He wanted such a method of proceeding stopped, despite the fact that it was a capital offense.

The court remarked that he had said all he intended to say on the subject. He thought Mr. Morrison and Mr. Lawrence as fellow lawyers should have settled their differences out of court. He did not know Mr. Lawrence's name was signed to the petition, which he had returned without reading as it was outside of the court. He had not intended to mention it but it had cropped out in the examination of someone. What he he excepted to in the reports was that one mentioned and the other omitted to mention that he had declined to stop Mr. Morrison and would not stop it because it was a capital offense. The report which did not state the fact made him appear to have acted in an arbitrary manner. He was glad to hear the explanation from the witness who appeared to be a gentleman and had a gentleman's feelings. He did not wish to suppress anything; Mr. Morrison was fighting the battle of a man's life and too much allowance could not be made him.

The Attorney-General announced that he could not possibly close to-day as he had sent for Captain Pittendrigh to give testimony as to Stroebel being prevented from telling his story at the inquest, and the captain could not possibly arrive before to-night.

J. B. Lovell had known Robert Stevenson for 30 years, knew him as a man of good reputation. In answer to Mr. Morrison he said he did not know his reputation in Chilliwack, Vancouver and up country. He knew nothing against him.

Mr. Moulton was recalled. He had heard the testimony of the prisoner relative to the land transaction. If the prisoner had been beaten he had never heard of it. The witness had arranged the matter but the banker had paid the money. They had given the prisoner an agreement for re-purchase within a year at the same price after the deed was made out.

O. B. Ackerman was recalled and denied that he had ever had any dispute with Robert Stevenson.

Court adjourned at 6:05 p.m., until 10 a.m. to-day.

The Stroebel case is drawing to a close, only one witness, Capt. Pittendrigh, remains to be examined, and the arguments will begin after he is heard on Monday morning.

The prosecution recalled James Silverthorne as the first witness this morning and he swore he was not deaf nor even hard of hearing.

Peter Strum was recalled next and swore he lived at Sumas and knew Albert Stroebel. He was present at the hearing before the magistrate and saw Stroebel after the hearing at the jail in New Westminster. He knew Elizabeth Bartlett. Stroebel said he fired off his revolver twice on Harrison street while Miss Bartlett was with him some time before the Marshall homicide. After that he had a conversation with Elizabeth Bartlett. He met her while coming home from Westminster between the boundary line and the hotel. He asked if Stroebel had fired off his revolver on Harrison street. Her reply was that Stroebel had never fired off his revolver in her presence. The witness had forgotten the exact day and could not recall if Stroebel had told him. Cross-examined he said it was the first time he had given evidence. He had no reason to be afraid of Lucas. He had a general conversation with Lizzie Bartlett. She asked how Stroebel was. He did not know of the incident of the revolver being fired off on the hill. He was sure Miss Bartlett did not understand him. He remembered meeting Stroebel on the 20th. Stroebel came to his hotel. He did not want to give evidence before. He told Mr. Scolefield and Mr. Moulton. It was not after he heard the trial was to be at Victoria but after he talked to Lizzie. He knew Theron Ackerman. He did not remember a conversation with him at the Dominion Hotel on Saturday. He could not remember saying he would testify against Lucas but was afraid he would stab him or burn his place. He did not remember telling John Bartlett yesterday to request Mr. Morrison not to question him about Lucas. He also denied telling Johnny Bartlett yesterday that Moulton's land was worth $1,300. He had also told Mr. Davie about his testimony. He did not know his evidence at this time could not be contradicted. He did not believe he had talked to any one with reference to Lucas and his evidence.

The attorney-general volunteered to permit Theron Ackerman to be recalled to disprove anything Mr. Morrison desired. Mr. Ackerman was then called He knew Peter Strum. Saw him at the Dominion hotel on Saturday. Had a conversation with him. Strum said: "It is a d—d shame the way those men are swearing. If I wasn't afraid of being stabbed in the back or having some depredation committed to my property I would go on the stand and swear I would not believe Lucas under oath, and those fellows all know it." Examined by Mr. Davie he said it was in Saturday. He did not know to whom he alluded. He mentioned no other name but that of Lucas. He did not question Strum any further. He had told Mr. Morison about the conversation this morning. He might have mentioned it last night. He supposed Strum was to be a witness. He was at New Westminster but was in and out of the trial. He had not thought it necessary to tell counsel about the conversation until Peter Strum was called. He denied that he had tried to persuade Strum to go into the box and swear he would not believe Lucas under oath. He had not done that to any witness. Mr. Morrison had said nothing to him which would lead him to believe.

The attorney-general consented to the recall of John Bartlett. He swore he had a conversation with Peter Strum yesterday afternoon. Strum came into court and sat on the upper bench and told Mrs. Bartlett that he wanted to speak to the witness. After a time they had a conversation. Bartlett swore that Strum had said he did not want to say anything on the stand against Lucas as he did not want to be on bad terms with him. The witness had replied that he would not care for Lucas or anybody else. Strum had replied that the way he was situated he had to. In consequence of that the witness came back and wrote a note to Mr. Morrison. He read it. It was as follows: "Don't ask Strum if he gets on the stand if he would believe" Lucas on oath or anything that way, but he heard the land that the banker and Moulton got was worth $1,300."

Examined by the attorney-general he said he had done what he did because Strum wanted him to. He had not repeated all that took place when examined by Mr. Morrison. He had not heard his sister testify about his conversation with Peter Strum at the first trial.

Timothy Montgomery, alias Old Sleuth, was next recalled by the prosecution. He was on Harrison street one afternoon before John Marshall's death. It was between 4 and 5 o'clock on the afternoon of the day before the body was found, which was the 20th. The 20th was more or less stormy.

Myles Gray, a practicing attorney of New Westminster swore he acted for the plaintiff in the suit against George Stroebel. The total judgment was $179.88, made up of $143 face of note, $15.70 interest and $21.18 costs. The note and judgment were submitted. Judgment was default. He was instructed on Oct. 8th, 1892. The suit was brought by Mr. Moulton, who was a resident of British Columbia. The date of the judgment was Oct. 21st. He searched for property to levy upon, but found none in Westminster district that had not been transferred. A piece of 17 acres at Sumas had been transferred to a man named Draper. There was also some land in Vancouver which had been transferred to Albert Stroebel, the prisoner. He wrote the letter saying he had been instructed to bring suit against him to set aside the deed. The deed was dated Oct. 1st and offered for registration Oct. 19th. The letter was returned, not having been called for. He began the suit to set aside the deed on the grounds of fraud on Nov. 14th. He knew of no other land at that time. After the service Mr. Moulton and Mr. Stroebel came to his office. They said Mr. Stroebel would like to secure the amount of the judgment on some other property. The original sum with the costs of the pending action would bring the amount to $250, and for that amount a mortgage dated Dec. 19th, 1892, was drawn. Mr. Stroebel executed it and Mr. Moulton witnessed it. The mortgage was produced. The next step was to draw a deed from Albert Stroebel to Louis Laughgreen for the Seymour creek property and the Vancouver property.

Cross-examined by Mr. Fell, he said the first time he saw Mr. Moulton in this transaction was when he came with Stroebel about Dec. 19th. He was not instructed by Mr. Moulton to begin the action. He was not in the habit of beginning actions for people without their instructions. This was probably an exception. There was no undue haste. The lis pendens was removed and the mortgage was cancelled after the final deeds were executed. Re-examined he said his original instructions were from Mr. Laughgreen, but at his suggestion, to avoid cost, Mr. Moulton was made to withdraw.

Charles E. Tisdall, a gunmaker, was recalled to rebut the evidence of O. B. Ackerman as to the cartridges. Mr. Fell objected to his being heard, as it would be new evidence. He quoted Taylor as an evidence, 360. The court sustained the objection and excluded the witness.

Richard Lister, one of the jailers at the provincial jail, was called to rebut the testimony of Constable Miller. An objection to him was over-ruled. He met Lucas at the preliminary examination of Stroebel in May last. Lucas came to the jail to see Mr. Moresby. He had a conversation with him. Lucas was after some men to arrest them. Cross-examined, he would not swear it was Lucas' only visit or that the men mentioned by Mr. Miller were the same.

Robert Stevenson was recalled by the prosecution. He and O. B. Ackerman had had no trouble.

James F. Trimm testified that he had known Mr. Stevenson 23 years and knew he had a good reputation. He did did not know him in Chilliwack, or New Westminster or Vancouver, but knew nothing bad of him at all. He knew his general reputation in the province.

The attorney-general put in the statement of the prisoner at the inquest, as well as his evidence at the former trial. The evidence at the former trial of Mrs. Bartlett, that of O. B. Ackerman, Asa Ackerman and Elmer Jessup was also put in as to contradictions. Stenographer Fred Evans certified to the correctness of the reports.

Court adjourned at 1:15 until Monday morning.

Xmas Tree Candles and Ornaments At Russell & McDonald's.

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WATT-ROBERTSON—At Struan, Collingwood, Ont., on Thursday, December 7th, 1893, by the Rev. D. L. McCrae, Ph.D., Alfred T. Watt, M. D., of Victoria, B.C., son of Dr. Hugh Watt, M.P.P., Cariboo, to Madge Robertson, M.A., elder daughter of Henry Robertson, Q.C., Collingwood, Ont.

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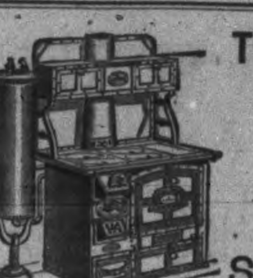

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